

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG10002 anti-TGF beta antibody [TB21]

Package: 100 μg, 50 μg

Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [TB21] recognizes TGF beta

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat, Rb, Sheep

Predict Reactivity Cow, Mink, Pig

Tested Application ELISA, ICC/IF, IHC-Fr, IHC-P, Neut, WB

Host Mouse

Monoclonal Clonality

Clone **TB21**

Isotype IgG1, kappa **Target Name** TGF beta **Species** Human

Immunogen TGF-β from human platelets

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names TGFB; DPD1; TGFbeta; CED; Transforming growth factor beta-1; LAP; TGF-beta-1

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	Assay-dependent
	ICC/IF	Assay-dependent
	IHC-Fr	Assay-dependent
	IHC-P	1:1000
	Neut	Assay-dependent
	WB	1 - 2 μg/ml
	Neutralizing: This antibody neutralizes TGF- β activity in vitro and in vivo. In an inhibition assay of CCL/64 cell growth and in a NRK-49F colony forming assay, the antibody neutralized TGF- β bioactivities. The effect of micro-injection of this antibody into one blastomere of two cell stage Xenopus embryos	

indicated that it was also able to neutralize the bioactivity of TGF- $\!\beta$ in vivo.

IHC: This antibody has been used to demonstrate TGF- β in ovine ovarian tissue and human breast carcinoma at a dilution of 1:1000. As a consequence of the intense staining of the erythrocytes, it is possible to locate a single cell within the ovarian stroma, making it useful in locating very fine capillary networks within tissue.

Western Blot: This antibody when used at concentration of 5-20 ng/mL will allow visualization of 100 ng/lane of TGF-beta.

* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Protein G affinity purified

Buffer 0.01M PBS (pH 7.0)

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol TGFB1

Gene Full Name transforming growth factor, beta 1
Background This gene encodes a member of the

This gene encodes a member of the transforming growth factor beta (TGFB) family of cytokines, which are multifunctional peptides that regulate proliferation, differentiation, adhesion, migration, and other functions in many cell types. Many cells have TGFB receptors, and the protein positively and negatively regulates many other growth factors. The secreted protein is cleaved into a latency-associated peptide (LAP) and a mature TGFB1 peptide, and is found in either a latent form composed of a TGFB1 homodimer, a LAP homodimer, and a latent TGFB1-binding protein, or in an active form composed of a TGFB1

homodimer. The mature peptide may also form heterodimers with other TGFB family members. This gene is frequently upregulated in tumor cells, and mutations in this gene result in Camurati-Engelmann

disease.[provided by RefSeq, Oct 2009]

Function Multifunctional protein that controls proliferation, differentiation and other functions in many cell types.

Many cells synthesize TGFB1 and have specific receptors for it. It positively and negatively regulates many

other growth factors. It plays an important role in bone remodeling as it is a potent stimulator of osteoblastic bone formation, causing chemotaxis, proliferation and differentiation in committed

osteoblasts. Can promote either T-helper 17 cells (Th17) or regulatory T-cells (Treg) lineage differentiation in a concentration-dependent manner. At high concentrations, leads to FOXP3-mediated suppression of RORC and down-regulation of IL-17 expression, favoring Treg cell development. At low concentrations in concert with IL-6 and IL-21, leads to expression of the IL-17 and IL-23 receptors, favoring differentiation to

Th17 cells. [UniProt]

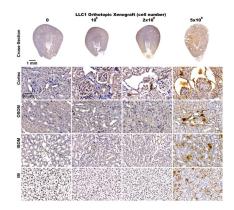
Research Area Cancer antibody; Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Developmental Biology antibody;

Metabolism antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody

Calculated Mw 44 kDa PTM Glycosylated.

The precursor is cleaved into mature TGF-beta-1 and LAP, which remains non-covalently linked to mature

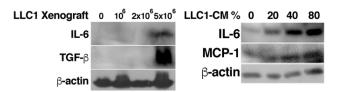
TGF-beta-1 rendering it inactive.



ARG10002 anti-TGF beta antibody [TB21] IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Mouse kidney stained with ARG10002 anti-TGF beta antibody [TB21] at 1:200 dilution.

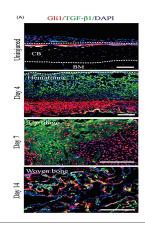
From Chi-Chih Hung et al. Cancers (Basel). (2020), <u>doi:</u> <u>10.3390/cancers12123561</u>, Fig. 6.



ARG10002 anti-TGF beta antibody [TB21] WB image

Western blot: Mouse kidney stained with ARG10002 anti-TGF beta antibody [TB21] at 1:500 dilution.

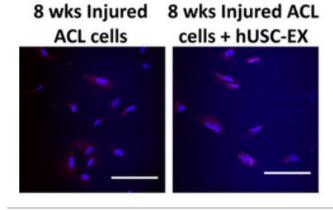
From Chi-Chih Hung et al. Cancers (Basel). (2020), <u>doi:</u> <u>10.3390/cancers12123561</u>, Fig. 7A, B.



ARG10002 anti-TGF beta antibody [TB21] IHC-Fr image

Immunohistochemistry: Mouse tibiae stained with ARG10002 anti-TGF beta antibody [TB21] at 1:200 dilution.

From Chenjie Xia et al. Cell Prolif. (2020), doi: 10.1111/cpr.12904, Fig. 4A.



ARG10002 anti-TGF beta antibody [TB21] ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: ACL cells stained with ARG10002 anti-TGF beta antibody [TB21] at 1:200 dilution.

From Hon-Lok Lo et al. (2024), <u>doi: 10.21203/rs.3.rs-3905871/v1</u>, Fig. 6.

ARG10002 anti-TGF beta antibody [TB21] WB image

Western blot: 30 μg of Rat spleen and Rat heart lysates stained with ARG10002 anti-TGF beta antibody [TB21] at 1:1000 dilution.