

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG10092 anti-HLA G antibody [MEM-G/9] (APC)

Package: 50 μg Store at: 4°C

Summary

Product Description APC-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [MEM-G/9] recognizes HLA G

Tested Reactivity Hu

Species Does Not React With Ms

Tested Application FACS

Specificity The clone MEM-G/9 reacts with native form of human HLA-G1 on the cell surface as well as with

soluble HLA-G5 isoform in its beta2-microglobulin associated form. Reactivity with HLA-G3 was also

reported.

MEM-G/9 is standard reagent thoroughly validated during 3rd International Conference on HLA-G

(Paris, 2003).

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal
Clone MEM-G/9

Isotype IgG1

Target Name HLA G

Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant human HLA-G refolded with beta2-microglobulin and peptide.

Conjugation APC

Alternate Names HLA G antigen; MHC class I antigen G; HLA class I histocompatibility antigen, alpha chain G; MHC-G

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	1 - 5 μg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Note The purified antibody is conjugated with cross-linked Allophycocyanin (APC) under optimum conditions.

The conjugate is purified by size-exclusion chromatography.

Buffer PBS, 15 mM Sodium azide and 0.2% (w/v) high-grade protease free BSA

Preservative 15 mM Sodium azide

Stabilizer 0.2% (w/v) high-grade protease free BSA

Concentration 0.1 mg/ml

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be

gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links GenelD: 3135 Human

Swiss-port # P17693 Human

Gene Symbol HLA-G

Gene Full Name major histocompatibility complex, class I, G

Background HLA-G belongs to the HLA class I heavy chain paralogues. This class I molecule is a heterodimer

consisting of a heavy chain and a light chain (beta-2 microglobulin). The heavy chain is anchored in the membrane. HLA-G is expressed on fetal derived placental cells. The heavy chain is approximately 45 kDa and its gene contains 8 exons. Exon one encodes the leader peptide, exons 2 and 3 encode the alpha1 and alpha2 domain, which both bind the peptide, exon 4 encodes the alpha3 domain, exon 5 encodes the transmembrane region, and exon 6 encodes the cytoplasmic tail. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

2008]

Function Involved in the presentation of foreign antigens to the immune system. Plays a role in maternal

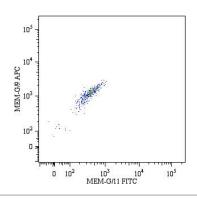
tolerance of the fetus by mediating protection from the deleterious effects of natural killer cells,

cytotoxic T-lymphocytes, macrophages and mononuclear cells. [UniProt]

Research Area Immune System antibody

Calculated Mw 38 kDa

Images



ARG10092 anti-HLA G antibody [MEM-G/9] (APC) FACS image

Flow Cytometry: HLA-G1 transfectant stained with ARG10092 anti-HLA G antibody [MEM-G/9] (APC).