

Product datasheet

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ARG10202 anti-IL16 antibody [398]

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [398] recognizes Human IL-16

Tested Reactivity Hu
Tested Application ELISA

Specificity mAb 398 exhibits no detectable cross-reaction with human serum albumin, bovine serum albumin and

other human cytokines or growth factors tested, such as IL-1β, IL-8, IL-7 MCAF, TGF-β1, EGF, bFGF, GM-

CSF, M-CSF, TNF- α .

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone 398

Isotype IgG1, kappa

Target Name IL16
Species Human

Immunogen Purified recombinant human IL-16

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names prlL-16; Lymphocyte chemoattractant factor; PRIL16; IL-16; NIL16; LCF; Pro-interleukin-16

Application Instructions

Application Note

ELISA: This antibody can be used as a capture antibody in sandwich ELISA applications for human IL-16 detection in combination with a monoclonal tracer/detection antibody (HRP-conjugated, Cat. No.: ARG10203). Suggested Capture Coating Dose: 0.3μg/well; Substrate: TMB.

If the above suggested conditions are followed, approximately 20pg/mL of IL-16 in serum/plasma or 15 pg/mL of IL-16 in cell medium/urine can be detected with an assay range of 0-1000 pg/mL.

* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Protein G affinity purified

Buffer 0.01M PBS (pH 7.2)

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links GeneID: 3603 Human

Swiss-port # Q14005 Human

Gene Symbol IL16

Gene Full Name interleukin 16

Background Interleukin 16 (IL-16) is a pleiotropic cytokine, possessing immunomodulation function to allergic

inflammatory diseases such as Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis. IL-16 utilizes CD4 as its primary receptor. IL-16 is a chemo-attractant to CD4+ T helper 1 cells. To CD4+ T helper 2 cells, IL-16 has an inhibitory effect on the antigen-mediated CD3/T cell receptor activation. IL16 has been shown to

suppress HIV infection in lymphocytes and monocytes.

Function Interleukin-16 stimulates a migratory response in CD4+ lymphocytes, monocytes, and eosinophils.

Primes CD4+ T-cells for IL-2 and IL-15 responsiveness. Also induces T-lymphocyte expression of

interleukin 2 receptor. Ligand for CD4.

Isoform 1 may act as a scaffolding protein that anchors ion channels in the membrane.

Isoform 3 is involved in cell cycle progression in T-cells. Appears to be involved in transcriptional regulation of SKP2 and is probably part of a transcriptional repression complex on the core promoter of the SKP2 gene. May act as a scaffold for GABPB1 (the DNA-binding subunit the GABP transcription factor complex) and HDAC3 thus maintaining transcriptional repression and blocking cell cycle

progression in resting T-cells. [UniProt]

Highlight Related Antibody Duos and Panels:

ARG30075 IL16 ELISA Antibody Duo

Related products:

IL16 antibodies; IL16 ELISA Kits; IL16 Duos / Panels; Anti-Mouse IgG secondary antibodies;

Research Area Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Gene Regulation antibody

Calculated Mw 142 kDa

PTM Isoform 3 is synthesized as a chemo-attractant inactive precursor in hemopoietic tissues and is

proteolytically cleaved by caspase-3 to yield IL-16.