

# Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

# ARG10345 anti-C Reactive Protein antibody [C1]

Package: 100 μg, 50 μg

Store at: -20°C

## **Summary**

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [C1] recognizes C Reactive Protein

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application ELISA, WB
Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone C1

Isotype IgG2b

Target Name C Reactive Protein

Species Human

Immunogen human CRP, derived from pleural/ascetic fluid or plasma.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names 1-205; PTX1; C-reactive protein

# **Application Instructions**

**Application Note** 

\* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.

## **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Protein A affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4) and 0.1% Sodium azide

Preservative 0.1% Sodium azide

Concentration 1.0-2.0 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

## Bioinformation

Database links <u>GeneID: 1401 Human</u>

Swiss-port # P02741 Human

Gene Symbol CRP

Gene Full Name C-reactive protein, pentraxin-related

Background The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the pentaxin family. It is involved in several host defense

related functions based on its ability to recognize foreign pathogens and damaged cells of the host and to initiate their elimination by interacting with humoral and cellular effector systems in the blood. Consequently, the level of this protein in plasma increases greatly during acute phase response to

tissue injury, infection, or other inflammatory stimuli. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2009]

Function Displays several functions associated with host defense: it promotes agglutination, bacterial capsular

swelling, phagocytosis and complement fixation through its calcium-dependent binding to

phosphorylcholine. Can interact with DNA and histones and may scavenge nuclear material released

from damaged circulating cells. [UniProt]

Research Area Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Cell Death antibody; Gene Regulation antibody; Immune

System antibody; Metabolism antibody

Calculated Mw 25 kDa