

ARG10517 anti-EpCAM antibody [AUA1]

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Mouse Monoclonal antibody [AUA1] recognizes EpCAM
Tested Reactivity	Hu
Tested Application	ELISA, FACS, ICC/IF, IHC-P, WB
Specificity	Cross reacts with breast carcinomas, kidney tubules, tonsil crypt epithelium and cells in some serious effusions. This is a good antibody for characterisation of all epithelial cells.
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone	AUA1
Isotype	lgG1
Target Name	EpCAM
Species	Human
Immunogen	LoVo cell line, a colon carcinoma cell line.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	MIC18; EGP; Tumor-associated calcium signal transducer 1; Epithelial glycoprotein 314; KSA; Ep-CAM; Epithelial cell surface antigen; Adenocarcinoma-associated antigen; HNPCC8; Cell surface glycoprotein Trop-1; EGP40; TACSTD1; KS1/4; hEGP314; Major gastrointestinal tumor-associated protein GA733-2; M4S1; MK-1; Epithelial glycoprotein; KS 1/4 antigen; ESA; DIAR5; EGP314; Epithelial cell adhesion molecule; EGP-2; TROP1; CD antigen CD326

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	Assay-dependent.
	FACS	1 μg/10^6 cells. (methanol fixed cells)
	ICC/IF	Assay-dependent.
	IHC-P	5 μg/ml
	WB	1:100
Application Note	0	al: Heat mediated in Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) e recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations by the scientist.

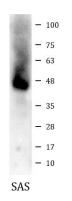
Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Purified by affinity chromatography.

Buffer	PBS and 0.02% Sodium azide
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

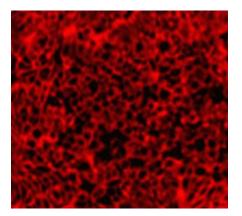
Bioinformation

Database links	GenelD: 4072 Human
	Swiss-port # P16422 Human
Gene Symbol	EPCAM
Gene Full Name	epithelial cell adhesion molecule
Background	EpCAM is a carcinoma-associated antigen and is a member of a family that includes at least two type I membrane proteins. This antigen is expressed on most normal epithelial cells and gastrointestinal carcinomas and functions as a homotypic calcium-independent cell adhesion molecule. The antigen is being used as a target for immunotherapy treatment of human carcinomas. Mutations in this gene result in congenital tufting enteropathy. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2008]
Function	EpCAM may act as a physical homophilic interaction molecule between intestinal epithelial cells (IECs) and intraepithelial lymphocytes (IELs) at the mucosal epithelium for providing immunological barrier as a first line of defense against mucosal infection. Plays a role in embryonic stem cells proliferation and differentiation. Up-regulates the expression of FABP5, MYC and cyclins A and E. [UniProt]
Highlight	Related Antibody Duos and Panels: <u>ARG30305 Epithelial Marker Antibody Duo (Muc-1, EpCAM)</u> <u>ARG30311 Circulating Tumor Cells Biomarker Antibody Duo (EpCAM, HER2)</u> Related products: <u>EpCAM antibodies: EpCAM ELISA Kits: EpCAM Duos / Panels: Anti-Mouse IgG secondary antibodies:</u>
Research Area	Controls and Markers antibody; Epithelial Marker antibody; Circulating Tumor Cells BioMarker antibody
Calculated Mw	35 kDa
PTM	Hyperglycosylated in carcinoma tissue as compared with autologous normal epithelia. Glycosylation at Asn-198 is crucial for protein stability.



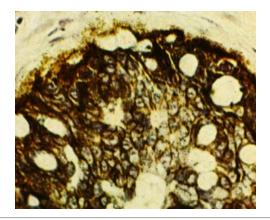
ARG10517 anti-EpCAM antibody [AUA1] WB image

Western blot: 30 μg of SAS cell lysate stained with ARG10517 anti-EpCAM antibody [AUA1] at 1:100 dilution.



ARG10517 anti-EpCAM antibody [AUA1] ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: SW1222 cells stained with ARG10517 anti-EpCAM antibody [AUA1].



ARG10517 anti-EpCAM antibody [AUA1] IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded HT29 Xenograft tumor stained with ARG10517 anti-EpCAM antibody [AUA1].