

# Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

# ARG20851 anti-CD19 antibody [6D5] (Biotin)

Package: 100 μg Store at: 4°C

### **Summary**

Product Description Biotin-conjugated Rat Monoclonal antibody [6D5] recognizes CD19

Tested Reactivity Ms

Tested Application FACS, IHC-Fr

Specificity Mouse CD19. The clone 6D5 recognizes the same epitope as the published clone, 1D3.

Host Rat

**Clonality** Monoclonal

Clone 6D5

Isotype IgG2a, kappa

Target Name CD19
Species Mouse

Immunogen Mouse CD19-expressing K562 human erythroleukemia cells

Conjugation Biotin

Alternate Names Differentiation antigen CD19; T-cell surface antigen Leu-12; B-lymphocyte antigen CD19; B-lymphocyte

surface antigen B4; B4; CD antigen CD19; CVID3

# **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	< 1 µg/10^6 cells
	IHC-Fr	Assay-dependent
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

# **Properties**

Form Liquid

Buffer PBS and 0.1% Sodium azide.

Preservative 0.1% Sodium azide

Concentration 0.5 mg/ml

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be

gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### **Bioinformation**

Database links GeneID: 12478 Mouse

Swiss-port # P25918 Mouse

Gene Symbol CD19

Gene Full Name CD19 antigen

Background CD19: Lymphocytes proliferate and differentiate in response to various concentrations of different

antigens. The ability of the B cell to respond in a specific, yet sensitive manner to the various antigens is achieved with the use of low-affinity antigen receptors. This gene encodes a cell surface molecule which assembles with the antigen receptor of B lymphocytes in order to decrease the threshold for

antigen receptor-dependent stimulation. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function CD19 functions as coreceptor for the B-cell antigen receptor complex (BCR) on B-lymphocytes.

Decreases the threshold for activation of downstream signaling pathways and for triggering B-cell responses to antigens (PubMed:2463100, PubMed:1373518, PubMed:16672701). Activates signaling pathways that lead to the activation of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase and the mobilization of

intracellular Ca(2+) stores (PubMed:9382888, PubMed:9317126, PubMed:12387743,

PubMed:16672701). Is not required for early steps during B cell differentiation in the blood marrow (PubMed:9317126). Required for normal differentiation of B-1 cells. Required for normal B cell

differentiation and proliferation in response to antigen challenges (PubMed:2463100,

PubMed:1373518). Required for normal levels of serum immunoglobulins, and for production of high-

affinity antibodies in response to antigen challenge (PubMed:9317126, PubMed:12387743,

PubMed:16672701). [UniProt]

Highlight Related products:

CD19 antibodies; CD19 ELISA Kits; CD19 Duos / Panels; Anti-Rat IgG secondary antibodies;

Related news:

Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocytes (TILs)

Research Area Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody; Lymphocyte Marker antibody; B cell

Marker antibody; Pro-B Cell Marker antibody; Pre-B Cell Marker antibody; Immature B Cell Marker

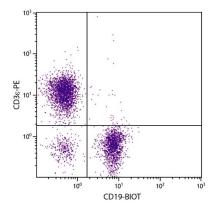
antibody; Follicular dendritic cells antibody

Calculated Mw 61 kDa

PTM Phosphorylated on serine and threonine upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR. Phosphorylated

on tyrosine following B-cell activation. Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues by LYN.

#### **Images**



#### ARG20851 anti-CD19 antibody [6D5] (Biotin) FACS image

Flow Cytometry: BALB/c Mouse splenocytes stained with ARG20851 anti-CD19 antibody [6D5] (Biotin) and <u>ARG20819</u> anti-CD3e antibody [C363.29B] (PE) followed by Streptavidin (FITC).