

ARG21257 anti-CD19 antibody [SJ25-C1]

Package: 100 µg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Mouse Monoclonal antibody [SJ25-C1] recognizes CD19
Tested Reactivity	Hu
Tested Application	BL, FACS, IHC-Fr, IP
Specificity	Human CD19.
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone	SJ25-C1
lsotype	lgG1, kappa
Target Name	CD19
Species	Human
Immunogen	NALM-1 and NALM-16 leukemia cell line
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	Differentiation antigen CD19; T-cell surface antigen Leu-12; B-lymphocyte antigen CD19; B-lymphocyte surface antigen B4; B4; CD antigen CD19; CVID3

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	BL	Assay-dependent
	FACS	< 1 µg/10^6 cells
	IHC-Fr	Assay-dependent
	IP	Assay-dependent
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate should be determined	e recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations by the scientist.

Properties

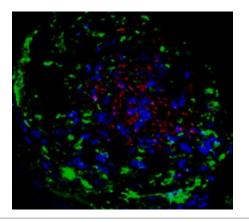
Form	Liquid
Buffer	BBS (pH 8.2)
Concentration	0.1 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

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Bioinformation

Database links	GenelD: 930 Human
	Swiss-port # P15391 Human
Gene Symbol	CD19
Gene Full Name	CD19 molecule
Background	CD19: Lymphocytes proliferate and differentiate in response to various concentrations of different antigens. The ability of the B cell to respond in a specific, yet sensitive manner to the various antigens is achieved with the use of low-affinity antigen receptors. This gene encodes a cell surface molecule which assembles with the antigen receptor of B lymphocytes in order to decrease the threshold for antigen receptor-dependent stimulation. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	CD19 functions as coreceptor for the B-cell antigen receptor complex (BCR) on B-lymphocytes. Decreases the threshold for activation of downstream signaling pathways and for triggering B-cell responses to antigens (PubMed:2463100, PubMed:1373518, PubMed:16672701). Activates signaling pathways that lead to the activation of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase and the mobilization of intracellular Ca(2+) stores (PubMed:9382888, PubMed:9317126, PubMed:12387743, PubMed:16672701). Is not required for early steps during B cell differentiation in the blood marrow (PubMed:9317126). Required for normal differentiation of B-1 cells. Required for normal B cell differentiation and proliferation in response to antigen challenges (PubMed:2463100, PubMed:1373518). Required for normal levels of serum immunoglobulins, and for production of high- affinity antibodies in response to antigen challenge (PubMed:9317126, PubMed:12387743, PubMed:16672701). [UniProt]
Highlight	Related products: <u>CD19 antibodies;</u> <u>CD19 ELISA Kits;</u> <u>CD19 Duos / Panels;</u> <u>Anti-Mouse IgG secondary antibodies;</u> Related news: <u>Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocytes (TILs)</u>
Research Area	Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody; Lymphocyte Marker antibody; B cell Marker antibody; Pro-B Cell Marker antibody; Pre-B Cell Marker antibody; Immature B Cell Marker antibody; Follicular dendritic cells antibody
Calculated Mw	61 kDa
РТМ	Phosphorylated on serine and threonine upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR. Phosphorylated on tyrosine following B-cell activation. Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues by LYN.

Images



ARG21257 anti-CD19 antibody [SJ25-C1] IHC-Fr image

Immunohistochemistry: Frozen section of lymph node tissue from human hematopoietic stem cell transplanted mice. The tissue section was stained with ARG21257 anti-CD19 antibody [SJ25-C1] (green), anti-CD3 antibody (red) and anti-CD11c antibody (blue).