

ARG21263 anti-CD19 antibody [SJ25-C1] (PE-Cyanine 5)

Package: 50 tests
Store at: 4°C

Summary

Product Description	PE-Cyanine 5-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [SJ25-C1] recognizes CD19
Tested Reactivity	Hu
Tested Application	BL, FACS, IHC-Fr
Specificity	Human CD19.
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone	SJ25-C1
Isotype	IgG1, kappa
Target Name	CD19
Species	Human
Immunogen	NALM-1 and NALM-16 leukemia cell line
Conjugation	PE-Cyanine 5
Alternate Names	Differentiation antigen CD19; T-cell surface antigen Leu-12; B-lymphocyte antigen CD19; B-lymphocyte surface antigen B4; B4; CD antigen CD19; CVID3

Application Instructions

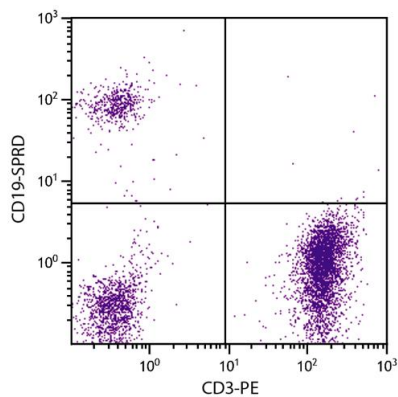
Application table	Application	Dilution
	BL	Assay-dependent
	FACS	10 µl/10 ⁶ cells
	IHC-Fr	Assay-dependent
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form	Liquid
Buffer	PBS, 0.1% Sodium azide and Sucrose.
Preservative	0.1% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	Sucrose
Storage instruction	Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Database links	GeneID: 930 Human Swiss-port # P15391 Human
Gene Symbol	CD19
Gene Full Name	CD19 molecule
Background	CD19: Lymphocytes proliferate and differentiate in response to various concentrations of different antigens. The ability of the B cell to respond in a specific, yet sensitive manner to the various antigens is achieved with the use of low-affinity antigen receptors. This gene encodes a cell surface molecule which assembles with the antigen receptor of B lymphocytes in order to decrease the threshold for antigen receptor-dependent stimulation. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	CD19 functions as coreceptor for the B-cell antigen receptor complex (BCR) on B-lymphocytes. Decreases the threshold for activation of downstream signaling pathways and for triggering B-cell responses to antigens (PubMed:2463100, PubMed:1373518, PubMed:16672701). Activates signaling pathways that lead to the activation of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase and the mobilization of intracellular Ca(2+) stores (PubMed:9382888, PubMed:9317126, PubMed:12387743, PubMed:16672701). Is not required for early steps during B cell differentiation in the blood marrow (PubMed:9317126). Required for normal differentiation of B-1 cells. Required for normal B cell differentiation and proliferation in response to antigen challenges (PubMed:2463100, PubMed:1373518). Required for normal levels of serum immunoglobulins, and for production of high-affinity antibodies in response to antigen challenge (PubMed:9317126, PubMed:12387743, PubMed:16672701). [UniProt]
Highlight	Related products: CD19 antibodies: CD19 ELISA Kits: CD19 Duos / Panels: Anti-Mouse IgG secondary antibodies: Related news: Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocytes (TILs)
Research Area	Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody; Lymphocyte Marker antibody; B cell Marker antibody; Pro-B Cell Marker antibody; Pre-B Cell Marker antibody; Immature B Cell Marker antibody; Follicular dendritic cells antibody
Calculated Mw	61 kDa
PTM	Phosphorylated on serine and threonine upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR. Phosphorylated on tyrosine following B-cell activation. Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues by LYN.

Images



ARG21263 anti-CD19 antibody [SJ25-C1] (PE-Cyanine 5) FACS image

Flow Cytometry: Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with ARG21263 anti-CD19 antibody [SJ25-C1] (PE-Cyanine 5) and Mouse anti-Human CD3 antibody (PE).