

Product datasheet

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ARG22459 anti-CD206 / MMR antibody [MR5D3] (FITC)

Package: 50 μg Store at: 4°C

Summary

Product Description FITC-conjugated Rat Monoclonal antibody [MR5D3] recognizes CD206 / MMR

> This antibody recognizes the mouse mannose receptor, a 175kD type 1 membrane glycoprotein that is also known as CD206. CD206 is expressed on most tissue macrophages, certain endothelial cells, and in

vitro derived dendritic cells.

Tested Reactivity Ms

Tested Application FACS

Host Rat

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone MR5D3

Isotype IgG2a

Target Name CD206 / MMR

Species Mouse

Chimaeric CRD4-7-Fc protein Immunogen

Conjugation

Alternate Names CLEC13D; C-type lectin domain family 13 member D; Macrophage mannose receptor 1-like protein 1; C-

type lectin domain family 13 member D-like; MMR; CLEC13DL; CD206; Macrophage mannose receptor

1; bA541I19.1; CD antigen CD206; MRC1L1

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	Neat
• • •	FACS: CD206 is expressed weakly at the cell surface. Staining may be increased following membrane permeabilisation. Use 10 μ l of the suggested working dilution to label 10^6 cells in 100 μ l.	

* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations

should be determined by the scientist.

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein G.

Buffer PBS, 0.09% Sodium azide and 1% BSA.

Preservative 0.09% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 1% BSA Concentration 0.1 mg/ml

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

arigo. nuts about antibodies www.arigobio.com 1/2 repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be

gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol Mrc1

Gene Full Name mannose receptor, C type 1

Background The recognition of complex carbohydrate structures on glycoproteins is an important part of several

biological processes, including cell-cell recognition, serum glycoprotein turnover, and neutralization of

pathogens. CD206 / MMR is a type I membrane receptor that mediates the endocytosis of

glycoproteins by macrophages. The protein has been shown to bind high-mannose structures on the surface of potentially pathogenic viruses, bacteria, and fungi so that they can be neutralized by

phagocytic engulfment. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015]

Function CD206 / MMR mediates the endocytosis of glycoproteins by macrophages. Binds both sulfated and non-

sulfated polysaccharide chains.

(Microbial infection) Acts as phagocytic receptor for bacteria, fungi and other pathogens.

(Microbial infection) Acts as a receptor for Dengue virus envelope protein E.

(Microbial infection) Interacts with Hepatitis B virus envelope protein. [UniProt]

Highlight Related products:

CD206 antibodies; CD206 ELISA Kits; CD206 Duos / Panels; Anti-Rat IgG secondary antibodies;

Related news:

New antibody panels and duos for Tumor immune microenvironment

Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocytes (TILs)

Anti-SerpinB9 therapy, a new strategy for cancer therapy

RIP1 activation and pathogenesis of NASH

Research Area Immune System antibody; M1/M2/TAM Marker antibody; Macrophage Marker antibody; M2

Macrophage Marker antibody

Calculated Mw 166 kDa