

Product datasheet

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ARG22869 anti-CD8 antibody [CC63] (PE)

Package: 50 tests Store at: 4°C

Summary

Product Description PE-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [CC63] recognizes CD8

Mouse anti Bovine CD8 antibody, clone CC63 reacts with the bovine CD8 antigen expressed by a subset of T lymphocytes. The antibody precipitates molecules of 34kD and 38kD under reducing conditions. Clone CC63 has been reported as being suitable for use on formalin dichromate (FD5) fixed paraffin embedded tissue with amplification and antigen retrieval techniques (Gutierrez et al. 1999).

Tested Reactivity Bov, Goat, Sheep

Tested Application FACS

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone CC63
Isotype IgG2a
Target Name CD8

Species Bovine

Conjugation PE

Alternate Names T-cell surface glycoprotein CD8 alpha chain; Leu2; p32; T-lymphocyte differentiation antigen T8/Leu-2;

CD8; MAL; CD antigen CD8a

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	Neat
• •	FACS: Use 10 μl of the suggested working dilution to label 10^6 cells in 100 μl. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations.	

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should be determined by the scientist.

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein G.

Buffer PBS, 0.09% Sodium azide, 1% BSA and 5% Sucrose

Preservative 0.09% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 1% BSA and 5% Sucrose

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be

gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

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Bioinformation

Gene Symbol

CD8A

Gene Full Name

CD8a molecule

Background

CD8 antigen is a cell surface glycoprotein found on most cytotoxic T lymphocytes that mediates efficient cell-cell interactions within the immune system. The CD8 antigen acts as a coreceptor with the T-cell receptor on the T lymphocyte to recognize antigens displayed by an antigen presenting cell in the context of class I MHC molecules. The coreceptor functions as either a homodimer composed of two alpha chains or as a heterodimer composed of one alpha and one beta chain. Both alpha and beta chains share significant homology to immunoglobulin variable light chains. This gene encodes the CD8 alpha chain. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2011]

Function

CD8 is an integral membrane glycoprotein that plays an essential role in the immune response and serves multiple functions in responses against both external and internal offenses. In T-cells, functions primarily as a coreceptor for MHC class I molecule:peptide complex. The antigens presented by class I peptides are derived from cytosolic proteins while class II derived from extracellular proteins. Interacts simultaneously with the T-cell receptor (TCR) and the MHC class I proteins presented by antigen presenting cells (APCs). In turn, recruits the Src kinase LCK to the vicinity of the TCR-CD3 complex. LCK then initiates different intracellular signaling pathways by phosphorylating various substrates ultimately leading to lymphokine production, motility, adhesion and activation of cytotoxic T-lymphocytes (CTLs). This mechanism enables CTLs to recognize and eliminate infected cells and tumor cells. In NK-cells, the presence of CD8A homodimers at the cell surface provides a survival mechanism allowing conjugation and lysis of multiple target cells. CD8A homodimer molecules also promote the survival and differentiation of activated lymphocytes into memory CD8 T-cells. [UniProt]

Highlight

Related products:

<u>CD8 antibodies;</u> <u>CD8 ELISA Kits;</u> <u>CD8 Duos / Panels;</u> <u>Anti-Mouse IgG secondary antibodies;</u>

Related news:

New antibody panels and duos for Tumor immune microenvironment

<u>Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocytes (TILs)</u>
<u>Detecting exosomal HMGB1 for ICD research</u>

Research Area

Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody; Cytotoxic T antibody; Cytotoxic T Cell Surface Study antibody; Tumor-infiltrating Lymphocyte Study antibody

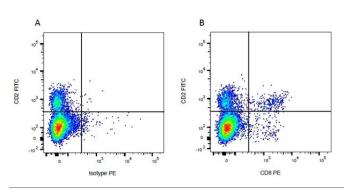
Calculated Mw

26 kDa

PTM

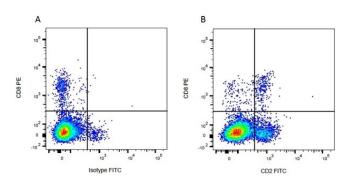
All of the five most C-terminal cysteines form inter-chain disulfide bonds in dimers and higher multimers, while the four N-terminal cysteines do not.

Images



ARG22869 anti-CD8 antibody [CC63] (PE) FACS image

Flow Cytometry: Figure A. FITC conjugated mouse anti bovine CD2 and PE-conjugated mouse IgG2a isotype control. Figure B. FITC conjugated mouse anti bovine CD2 and ARG22869 anti-CD8 antibody [CC63] (PE). All experiments performed on red cell lysed bovine blood gated on mononuclear cells.



ARG22869 anti-CD8 antibody [CC63] (PE) FACS image

Flow Cytometry: Figure A. ARG22869 anti-CD8 antibody [CC63] (PE) and FITC conjugated mouse IgG1 isotype control. Figure B. ARG22869 anti-CD8 antibody [CC63] (PE) and FITC conjugated mouse anti bovine CD2. All experiments performed on red cell lysed bovine blood gated on mononuclear cells.