

## Product datasheet

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# ARG23017 anti-CD61 / Integrin beta 3 antibody [Y2/51] (FITC)

Package: 50 μg Store at: 4°C

#### **Summary**

Product Description FITC-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [Y2/51] recognizes CD61 / Integrin beta 3

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application FACS

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone Y2/51

Isotype IgG1

Target Name CD61 / Integrin beta 3

Species Human

Immunogen PHA stimulated peripheral blood cells.

Conjugation FITC

Alternate Names GT; CD antigen CD61; CD61; BDPLT2; GPIIIa; BDPLT16; GP3A; Platelet membrane glycoprotein IIIa;

Integrin beta-3

### **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	Neat
Application Note	FACS: Use 10 $\mu$ l of the suggested working dilution to label 10^6 cells in 100 $\mu$ l. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

#### **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein G.

Buffer PBS, 0.09% Sodium azide and 1% BSA

Preservative 0.09% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 1% BSA

Concentration 0.1 mg/m

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8 °C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be

gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol ITGB3

Gene Full Name integrin, beta 3 (platelet glycoprotein IIIa, antigen CD61)

Background The ITGB3 protein product is the integrin beta chain beta 3. Integrins are integral cell-surface proteins

composed of an alpha chain and a beta chain. A given chain may combine with multiple partners resulting in different integrins. Integrin beta 3 is found along with the alpha IIb chain in platelets. Integrins are known to participate in cell adhesion as well as cell-surface mediated signalling. [provided

by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function Integrin alpha-V/beta-3 (ITGAV:ITGB3) is a receptor for cytotactin, fibronectin, laminin, matrix

metalloproteinase-2, osteopontin, osteomodulin, prothrombin, thrombospondin, vitronectin and von Willebrand factor. Integrin alpha-IIb/beta-3 (ITGA2B:ITGB3) is a receptor for fibronectin, fibrinogen, plasminogen, prothrombin, thrombospondin and vitronectin. Integrins alpha-IIb/beta-3 and alpha-V/beta-3 recognize the sequence R-G-D in a wide array of ligands. Integrin alpha-IIb/beta-3 recognizes the sequence H-H-L-G-G-G-A-K-Q-A-G-D-V in fibrinogen gamma chain. Following activation integrin alpha-IIb/beta-3 brings about platelet/platelet interaction through binding of soluble fibrinogen. This step leads to rapid platelet aggregation which physically plugs ruptured endothelial surface. Fibrinogen binding enhances SELP expression in activated platelets (By similarity). In case of HIV-1 infection, the interaction with extracellular viral Tat protein seems to enhance angiogenesis in Kaposi's sarcoma

lesions. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 87 kDa

PTM Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues in response to thrombin-induced platelet aggregation. Probably involved in outside-in signaling. A peptide (AA 740-762) is capable of binding GRB2 only when both

Tyr-773 and Tyr-785 are phosphorylated. Phosphorylation of Thr-779 inhibits SHC binding.