

Product datasheet

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ARG23080 anti-CD44 antibody [OX-50] (FITC)

Package: 50 μg Store at: 4°C

Summary

Product Description FITC-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [OX-50] recognizes CD44

Mouse anti Rat CD44 antibody, clone OX-50 recognizes the rat CD44 cell surface antigen, also known as Extracellular matrix receptor III, P90 lymphocyte homing/adhesion receptor, HUTCH-I, Hermes antigen, Hyaluronate receptor, Phagocytic glycoprotein 1, PGP-1 or Phagocytic glycoprotein I.CD44 is a 482 amino acid ~85 kDa single pass type I transmentarie glycoprotein, expressed by T cells, B cells,

macrophages and thymocytes, with expression being increased following activation.

Tested Reactivity Rat

Tested Application FACS

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

 Clone
 OX-50

 Isotype
 IgG1

 Target Name
 CD44

Species Rat

Immunogen Rat T cell blasts.

Conjugation FITC

Alternate Names MDU2; MDU3; GP90 lymphocyte homing/adhesion receptor; Hermes antigen; Extracellular matrix

receptor III; PGP-I; Epican; CDW44; Phagocytic glycoprotein 1; Pgp1; HUTCH-I; MC56; Hyaluronate receptor; CD antigen CD44; Heparan sulfate proteoglycan; CD44 antigen; LHR; IN; HCELL; Phagocytic

glycoprotein I; PGP-1; CSPG8; MIC4; ECMR-III; CDw44

Application Instructions

Application table Application Dilution

FACS Neat

Application Note FACS: Use 10 μ l of the suggested working dilution to label 10^6 cells in 100 μ l.

 $\hbox{* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations}$

should be determined by the scientist.

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein G.

Buffer PBS, 0.09% Sodium azide and 1% BSA

Preservative 0.09% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 1% BSA

Concentration 0.1 mg/ml

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light, Avoid

repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be

gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol Cd44

Gene Full Name CD44 molecule (Indian blood group)

Background The protein encoded by this gene is a cell-surface glycoprotein involved in cell-cell interactions, cell

adhesion and migration. It is a receptor for hyaluronic acid (HA) and can also interact with other ligands, such as osteopontin, collagens, and matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs). This protein participates in a wide variety of cellular functions including lymphocyte activation, recirculation and homing, hematopoiesis, and tumor metastasis. Transcripts for this gene undergo complex alternative splicing that results in many functionally distinct isoforms, however, the full length nature of some of these variants has not been determined. Alternative splicing is the basis for the structural and functional diversity of this protein, and may be related to tumor metastasis. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

2008]

Function Receptor for hyaluronic acid (HA). Mediates cell-cell and cell-matrix interactions through its affinity for

HA, and possibly also through its affinity for other ligands such as osteopontin, collagens, and matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs). Adhesion with HA plays an important role in cell migration, tumor growth and progression. In cancer cells, may play an important role in invadopodia formation. Also involved in lymphocyte activation, recirculation and homing, and in hematopoiesis. Altered expression or

dysfunction causes numerous pathogenic phenotypes. Great protein heterogeneity due to numerous

alternative splicing and post-translational modification events. [UniProt]

Research Area Cancer antibody; Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody; Chondrogenesis Study

antibody

Calculated Mw 82 kDa

PTM Proteolytically cleaved in the extracellular matrix by specific proteinases (possibly MMPs) in several cell

lines and tumors.

 $N- and \ O-glycosylated. \ O-glycosylation \ contains \ more-or-less-sulfated \ chondroitin \ sulfate \ glycans, \\ whose \ number \ may \ affect \ the \ accessibility \ of \ specific \ protein as es \ to \ their \ cleavage \ site(s). \ It \ is$

uncertain if O-glycosylation occurs on Thr-637 or Thr-638.

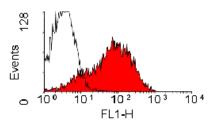
Phosphorylated; activation of PKC results in the dephosphorylation of Ser-706 (constitutive

phosphorylation site), and the phosphorylation of Ser-672.

Images

ARG23080 anti-CD44 antibody [OX-50] (FITC) FACS image

Flow Cytometry: Rat spleen cells stained with ARG23080 anti-CD44 antibody [OX-50] (FITC).



283-283-94-100 100 100 100 100

ARG23080 anti-CD44 antibody [OX-50] (FITC) FACS image

Flow Cytometry: Rat spleen cells stained with ARG23080 anti-CD44 antibody [OX-50] (FITC).