

Product datasheet

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ARG23311 anti-JAM-C antibody [CRAM-18 F26] (azide free)

Package: 250 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Azide free Rat Monoclonal antibody [CRAM-18 F26] recognizes JAM-C

Rat anti Mouse JAM-c antibody, clone CRAM-18 F26 recognises mouse and human Junctional adhesion molecule C (JAM-C), also known as JAM-3 and, historically, as JAM-2. JAM-C is expressed at junctions between endothelial and epithelial cells, as well as on leukocytes, platelets, vascular smooth muscle cells and fibroblasts, amongst other cell types. It plays a role in tight junctions and inflammatory processes and interacts with JAM-A and JAM-B. Clone CRAM-18 F26 has been reported to inhibit

transendothelial migration (Johnson-Léger et al. 2002).

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms

Tested Application FACS, FuncSt, ICC/IF, IHC-Fr

Host Rat

Clonality Monoclonal
Clone CRAM-18 F26

Isotype IgG2a
Target Name JAM-C
Species Mouse

Immunogen Recombinant soluble JAM-C.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names JAM-2; JAM-3; Junctional adhesion molecule C; JAM-C; Junctional adhesion molecule 3; JAMC

Application Instructions

| Application table | Application | Dilution |
|-------------------|---|-----------------|
| | FACS | 1:10 - 1:25 |
| | FuncSt | Assay-dependent |
| | ICC/IF | Assay-dependent |
| | IHC-Fr | Assay-dependent |
| Application Note | FACS: Use 10 μ l of the suggested working dilution to label 10^6 cells in 100 μ l. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist. | |

Properties

| Form | Liquid |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Purification | Purification with Protein G. |
| Buffer | PBS. |
| Concentration | 1 mg/ml |

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol JAM3

Gene Full Name junctional adhesion molecule 3

Background Tight junctions represent one mode of cell-to-cell adhesion in epithelial or endothelial cell sheets,

forming continuous seals around cells and serving as a physical barrier to prevent solutes and water from passing freely through the paracellular space. The protein encoded by this immunoglobulin superfamily gene member is localized in the tight junctions between high endothelial cells. Unlike other proteins in this family, the this protein is unable to adhere to leukocyte cell lines and only forms weak homotypic interactions. The encoded protein is a member of the junctional adhesion molecule protein family and acts as a receptor for another member of this family. A mutation in an intron of this gene is associated with hemorrhagic destruction of the brain, subependymal calcification, and congenital cataracts. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2011]

Function Participates in cell-cell adhesion. It is a counter-receptor for ITGAM, mediating leukocyte-platelet

interactions and is involved in the regulation of transepithelial migration of polymorphonuclear

neutrophils (PMN). The soluble form is a mediator of angiogenesis. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 35 kDa

PTM Proteolytically cleaved from endothelial cells surface into a soluble form by ADAM10 and ADAM17; the

release of soluble JAM3 is increased by proinflammatory factors. [UniProt]