

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG23531 anti-CD101 antibody [BB27] (FITC)

Package: 50 μg Store at: 4°C

Summary

Product Description FITC-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [BB27] recognizes CD101.

Mouse anti Human CD101 antibody, clone BB27 recognizes human CD101. CD101 is a $^{\sim}140$ kDa homodimeric cell surface glycoprotein expressed primarily by monocytes, granulocytes, dendritic cells and activated T lymphocytes. CD101 plays a major role in the activation of T cells by skin dendritic cells. Mouse anti Human CD101 antibody, clone BB27 has been reported to inhibit allogeneic T-cell responses

(Bagot et al. 1997).

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application FACS

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone BB27
Isotype IgG1
Target Name CD101

Species Human

Immunogen Human thymic clone B12.

Conjugation FITC

Alternate Names Immunoglobulin superfamily member 2; IgSF2; CD antigen CD101; Cell surface glycoprotein V7;

EWI-101; IGSF2; V7; Glu-Trp-Ile EWI motif-containing protein 101

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	Neat - 1:5

Application Note FACS: Use 10 μ l of the suggested working dilution to label 10^6 cells in 100 μ l.

st The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations

should be determined by the scientist.

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein G.

Buffer PBS, 0.09% Sodium azide and 1% BSA.

Preservative 0.09% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 1% BSA

Concentration 0.1 mg/ml

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

www.arigobio.com arigo.nuts about antibodies 1/2

repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be

gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol CD101

Gene Full Name CD101 molecule

Function Plays a role as inhibitor of T-cells proliferation induced by CD3. Inhibits expression of IL2RA on activated

T-cells and secretion of IL2. Inhibits tyrosine kinases that are required for IL2 production and cellular proliferation. Inhibits phospholipase C-gamma-1/PLCG1 phosphorylation and subsequent CD3-induced changes in intracellular free calcium. Prevents nuclear translocation of nuclear factor of activated T-cell to the nucleus. Plays a role in the inhibition of T-cell proliferation via IL10 secretion by cutaneous

dendritic cells. May be a marker of CD4(+) CD56(+) leukemic tumor cells. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 115 kDa

PTM N-glycosylated. [UniProt]