

# Product datasheet

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# ARG40431 anti-MCM3 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

# **Summary**

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes MCM3

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application FACS, ICC/IF, IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

**Clonality** Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name MCM3
Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide derived from Human MCM3.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names DNA polymerase alpha holoenzyme-associated protein P1; RLF subunit beta; P1.h; HCC5; DNA

replication licensing factor MCM3; p102; EC 3.6.4.12; P1-MCM3; RLFB

# **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	1:50
	ICC/IF	1:50 - 1:200
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

#### **Properties**

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4), 150 mM NaCl, 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol MCM3

Gene Full Name minichromosome maintenance complex component 3

Background The protein encoded by this gene is one of the highly conserved mini-chromosome maintenance

proteins (MCM) that are involved in the initiation of eukaryotic genome replication. The hexameric protein complex formed by MCM proteins is a key component of the pre-replication complex (pre\_RC) and may be involved in the formation of replication forks and in the recruitment of other DNA replication related proteins. This protein is a subunit of the protein complex that consists of MCM2-7. It has been shown to interact directly with MCM5/CDC46. This protein also interacts with and is acetylated by MCM3AP, a chromatin-associated acetyltransferase. The acetylation of this protein inhibits the initiation of DNA replication and cell cycle progression. Two transcript variants encoding

different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2012]

Function Acts as component of the MCM2-7 complex (MCM complex) which is the putative replicative helicase

essential for 'once per cell cycle' DNA replication initiation and elongation in eukaryotic cells. The active ATPase sites in the MCM2-7 ring are formed through the interaction surfaces of two neighboring subunits such that a critical structure of a conserved arginine finger motif is provided in trans relative to the ATP-binding site of the Walker A box of the adjacent subunit. The six ATPase active sites, however, are likely to contribute differentially to the complex helicase activity. Required for DNA replication and

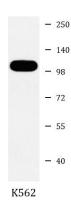
cell proliferation. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 91 kDa

PTM O-glycosylated (O-GlcNAcylated), in a cell cycle-dependent manner. [UniProt]

Cellular Localization Nucleus. [UniProt]

### **Images**



#### ARG40431 anti-MCM3 antibody WB image

Western blot: K562 cell lysate stained with ARG40431 anti-MCM3 antibody.

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