

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG40912 anti-hnRNP U antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes hnRNP U

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms
Predict Reactivity Rat

Tested Application FACS, ICC/IF, IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name hnRNP U
Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide derived from Human hnRNP U.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names U21.1; p120; hnRNP U; Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein U; SAFA; HNRPU; SAF-A; pp120;

Scaffold attachment factor A

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	1:20
	ICC/IF	1:50 - 1:200
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	K562	

Properties

Form	Liquid	
Purification	Affinity purified.	
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.4), 150 mM NaCl, 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.	
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide	
Stabilizer	50% Glycerol	
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw	

Note

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol

HNRNPU

Gene Full Name

heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein U (scaffold attachment factor A)

Background

This gene belongs to the subfamily of ubiquitously expressed heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoproteins (hnRNPs). The hnRNPs are RNA binding proteins and they form complexes with heterogeneous nuclear RNA (hnRNA). These proteins are associated with pre-mRNAs in the nucleus and appear to influence pre-mRNA processing and other aspects of mRNA metabolism and transport. While all of the hnRNPs are present in the nucleus, some seem to shuttle between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. The hnRNP proteins have distinct nucleic acid binding properties. The protein encoded by this gene contains a RNA binding domain and scaffold-associated region (SAR)-specific bipartite DNA-binding domain. This protein is also thought to be involved in the packaging of hnRNA into large ribonucleoprotein complexes. During apoptosis, this protein is cleaved in a caspase-dependent way. Cleavage occurs at the SALD site, resulting in a loss of DNA-binding activity and a concomitant detachment of this protein from nuclear structural sites. But this cleavage does not affect the function of the encoded protein in RNA metabolism. At least two alternatively spliced transcript variants have been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function

Component of the CRD-mediated complex that promotes MYC mRNA stabilization. Binds to pre-mRNA. Has high affinity for scaffold-attached region (SAR) DNA. Binds to double- and single-stranded DNA and RNA. Plays a role in the circadian regulation of the core clock component ARNTL/BMAL1 transcription (By similarity). [UniProt]

Calculated Mw

91 kDa

PTM

Extensively phosphorylated.

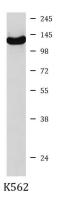
Arg-739 is dimethylated, probably to asymmetric dimethylarginine.

Citrullinated by PADI4. [UniProt]

Cellular Localization

Nucleus. Nucleus matrix. Chromosome. Nucleus speckle. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Chromosome, centromere, kinetochore. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole. Midbody. Cytoplasm. Cell surface. Cytoplasmic granule. [UniProt]

Images



ARG40912 anti-hnRNP U antibody WB image

Western blot: K562 cell lysate stained with ARG40912 anti-hnRNP U antibody.