

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG41122 anti-PSMD1 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes PSMD1

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name PSMD1

Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein corresponding to aa. 794-953 of Human PSMD1 (NP_002798.2).

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names P112; Rpn2; S1; 26S proteasome subunit p112; 26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 1; 26S

proteasome regulatory subunit S1; 26S proteasome regulatory subunit RPN2

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	Jurkat	
Observed Size	105 kDa	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol PSMD1

Gene Full Name proteasome 26S subunit, non-ATPase 1

Background The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure composed

of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified proteasome, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. This gene encodes the largest non-ATPase subunit of the 19S regulator lid, which is responsible for substrate recognition and binding. Alternatively spliced transcript

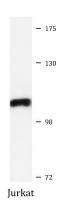
variants have been found for this gene.[provided by RefSeq, Jul 2010]

Function Acts as a regulatory subunit of the 26 proteasome which is involved in the ATP-dependent degradation

of ubiquitinated proteins. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 106 kDa

Images



ARG41122 anti-PSMD1 antibody WB image

Western blot: 25 μg of Jurkat cell lysate stained with ARG41122 anti-PSMD1 antibody at 1:1000 dilution.