

ARG42500 anti-E Cadherin antibody

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Goat Polyclonal antibody recognizes E Cadherin
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rat, Dog, Mk
Tested Application	IHC-Fr, IHC-P, WB
Host	Goat
Clonality	Polyclonal
lsotype	lgG
Target Name	E Cadherin
Species	Human
Immunogen	Recombinant peptide within aa. 750-850 of Human E Cadherin.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	Uvomorulin; Arc-1; Cadherin-1; E-cadherin; CDHE; CD antigen CD324; ECAD; CAM 120/80; LCAM; Epithelial cadherin; UVO; CD324

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-Fr	1:250 - 1:1000
	IHC-P	1:250 - 1:1000
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	COS7	
Observed Size	~ 160 kDa	

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purification with immunogen.
Buffer	PBS, 0.05% Sodium azide and 20% Glycerol.
Preservative	0.05% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	20% Glycerol
Concentration	2 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw

Note

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	CDH1
Gene Full Name	cadherin 1, type 1
Background	This gene encodes a classical cadherin of the cadherin superfamily. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants, at least one of which encodes a preproprotein that is proteolytically processed to generate the mature glycoprotein. This calcium-dependent cell-cell adhesion protein is comprised of five extracellular cadherin repeats, a transmembrane region and a highly conserved cytoplasmic tail. Mutations in this gene are correlated with gastric, breast, colorectal, thyroid and ovarian cancer. Loss of function of this gene is thought to contribute to cancer progression by increasing proliferation, invasion, and/or metastasis. The ectodomain of this protein mediates bacterial adhesion to mammalian cells and the cytoplasmic domain is required for internalization. This gene is present in a gene cluster with other members of the cadherin family on chromosome 16. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2015]
Function	Cadherins are calcium-dependent cell adhesion proteins (PubMed:11976333). They preferentially interact with themselves in a homophilic manner in connecting cells; cadherins may thus contribute to the sorting of heterogeneous cell types. CDH1 is involved in mechanisms regulating cell-cell adhesions, mobility and proliferation of epithelial cells (PubMed:11976333). Has a potent invasive suppressor role. It is a ligand for integrin alpha-E/beta-7. E-Cad/CTF2 promotes non-amyloidogenic degradation of Abeta precursors. Has a strong inhibitory effect on APP C99 and C83 production. (Microbial infection) Serves as a receptor for Listeria monocytogenes; internalin A (InIA) binds to this
Calculated Mw	protein and promotes uptake of the bacteria. [UniProt]
PTM	During apoptosis or with calcium influx, cleaved by a membrane-bound metalloproteinase (ADAM10), PS1/gamma-secretase and caspase-3 to produce fragments of about 38 kDa (E-CAD/CTF1), 33 kDa (E-CAD/CTF2) and 29 kDa (E-CAD/CTF3), respectively. Processing by the metalloproteinase, induced by calcium influx, causes disruption of cell-cell adhesion and the subsequent release of beta-catenin into the cytoplasm. The residual membrane-tethered cleavage product is rapidly degraded via an intracellular proteolytic pathway. Cleavage by caspase-3 releases the cytoplasmic tail resulting in disintegration of the actin microfilament system. The gamma-secretase-mediated cleavage promotes disassembly of adherens junctions.
	N-glycosylation at Asn-637 is essential for expression, folding and trafficking.
	Ubiquitinated by a SCF complex containing SKP2, which requires prior phosphorylation by CK1/CSNK1A1. Ubiquitinated by CBLL1/HAKAI, requires prior phosphorylation at Tyr-754. [UniProt]
Cellular Localization	Cell junction. Cell membrane. Endosome. Golgi apparatus. Note=Colocalizes with DLGAP5 at sites of cell- cell contact in intestinal epithelial cells. Anchored to actin microfilaments through association with alpha-, beta- and gamma-catenin. Sequential proteolysis induced by apoptosis or calcium influx, results in translocation from sites of cell-cell contact to the cytoplasm. Colocalizes with RAB11A endosomes during its transport from the Golgi apparatus to the plasma membrane. [UniProt]





Immunohistochemistry: Human appendix stained with ARG42500 anti-E Cadherin antibody at 1:500 dilution.



ARG42500 anti-E Cadherin antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Mouse lung stained with ARG42500 anti-E Cadherin antibody at 1:500 dilution.



ARG42500 anti-E Cadherin antibody WB image

Western blot: 100 μg of COS7 cell lysate stained with ARG42500 anti-E Cadherin antibody at 1:500 dilution.