

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG43363 anti-GDNF antibody

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes GDNF

Tested Reactivity Hu, Rat
Predict Reactivity Ms

Tested Application IHC-P, WB
Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name GDNF

Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide corresponding to aa. 142-158 of Human GDNF. (FRYCSGSCDAAETTYDK)

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names ATF; Astrocyte-derived trophic factor; HSCR3; hGDNF; Glial cell line-derived neurotrophic factor;

HFB1-GDNF; ATF1; ATF2

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-P	1:200 - 1:1000
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Observed Size	~ 30 kDa	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer 0.9% NaCl, 0.2% Na2HPO4, 0.05% Sodium azide and 4% Trehalose.

Preservative 0.05% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 4% Trehalose

Concentration 0.5 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol GDNF

Gene Full Name glial cell derived neurotrophic factor

Background This gene encodes a secreted ligand of the TGF-beta (transforming growth factor-beta) superfamily of

proteins. Ligands of this family bind various TGF-beta receptors leading to recruitment and activation of SMAD family transcription factors that regulate gene expression. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate each subunit of the disulfide-linked homodimer. The recombinant form of this protein, a highly conserved neurotrophic factor, was shown to promote the survival and differentiation of dopaminergic neurons in culture, and was able to prevent apoptosis of motor neurons induced by axotomy. This protein is a ligand for the product of the RET (rearranged during transfection) protooncogene. Mutations in this gene may be associated with Hirschsprung disease and Tourette syndrome. This gene encodes multiple protein isoforms that may undergo similar proteolytic

processing. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2016]

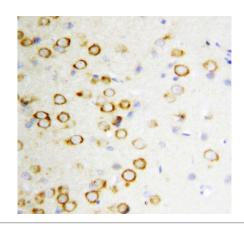
Function Neurotrophic factor that enhances survival and morphological differentiation of dopaminergic neurons

and increases their high-affinity dopamine uptake. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 24 kDa

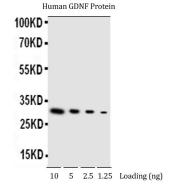
Cellular Localization Secreted. [UniProt]

Images



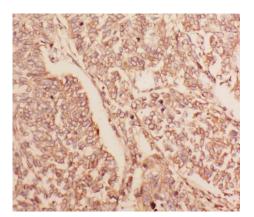
ARG43363 anti-GDNF antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Rat brain tissue stained with ARG43363 anti-GDNF antibody.



ARG43363 anti-GDNF antibody WB image

Western blot: 10, 5, 2.5 and 1.25 ng of Recombinant Human GDNF Protein (left to right) stained with ARG43363 anti-GDNF antibody.



ARG43363 anti-GDNF antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human lung cancer tissue stained with ARG43363 anti-GDNF antibody.