

Product datasheet

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ARG43437 anti-TCIRG1 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes TCIRG1

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application ICC/IF, IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name TCIRG1

Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein corresponding to aa. 1-130 of Human TCIRG1 (NP_006010.2).

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names V-ATPase 116 kDa isoform a3; Stv1; V-type proton ATPase 116 kDa subunit a isoform 3; Vacuolar proton

translocating ATPase 116 kDa subunit a isoform 3; ATP6V0A3; OC-116 kDa; ATP6N1C; Vph1; T-cell immune regulator 1; a3; OC116; OPTB1; Atp6i; OC-116kDa; T-cell immune response cDNA7 protein;

TIRC7; Osteoclastic proton pump 116 kDa subunit

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:50 - 1:200
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:200 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

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Bioinformation

Gene Symbol TCIRG1

Gene Full Name T-cell, immune regulator 1, ATPase, H+ transporting, lysosomal V0 subunit A3

Background This gene encodes a subunit of a large protein complex known as a vacuolar H+-ATPase (V-ATPase). The

protein complex acts as a pump to move protons across the membrane. This movement of protons helps regulate the pH of cells and their surrounding environment. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, and receptor-mediated endocytosis. V-ATPase is comprised of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. Mutations in this gene are

associated with infantile malignant osteopetrosis. [provided by RefSeq, May 2017]

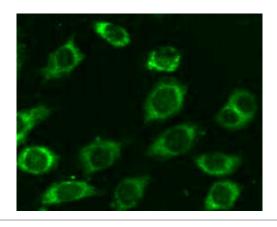
Function Part of the proton channel of V-ATPases (By similarity). Seems to be directly involved in T-cell

activation. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 93 kDa

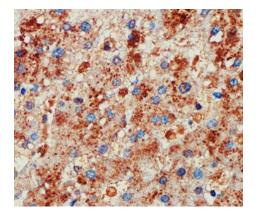
Cellular Localization Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. [UniProt]

Images



ARG43437 anti-TCIRG1 antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: L929 cells stained with ARG43437 anti-TCIRG1 antibody at 1:100 dilution.



ARG43437 anti-TCIRG1 antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human liver tissue stained with ARG43437 anti-TCIRG1 antibody at 1:100 dilution.