

Product datasheet

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ARG44727 anti-PSMD1 antibody

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody recognizes PSMD1

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application IP, WB
Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Isotype IgG2b

Target Name PSMD1

Species Human

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names P112; Rpn2; S1; 26S proteasome subunit p112; 26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 1; 26S

proteasome regulatory subunit S1; 26S proteasome regulatory subunit RPN2

Application Instructions

| Application table | Application | Dilution |
|-------------------|--|----------|
| | IP | 10 μg/mL |
| | WB | 1 μg/mL |
| Application Note | * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist. | |

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Protein A purification

Buffer PBS with 0.09% sodium azide

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol PSMD1

Gene Full Name proteasome 26S subunit, non-ATPase 1

Background

The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure composed of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified proteasome, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. This gene encodes the largest non-ATPase subunit of the 19S regulator lid, which is responsible for substrate recognition and binding. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.[provided by RefSeq, Jul 2010]

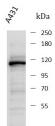
Function

Acts as a regulatory subunit of the 26 proteasome which is involved in the ATP-dependent degradation of ubiquitinated proteins. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw

106 kDa

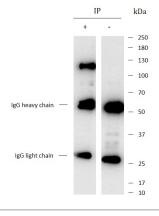
Images



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ARG44727 anti-PSMD1 antibody WB image

Western blot: A431 stained with ARG44727 anti-PSMD1 antibody at 1 μ g/mL dilution.



ARG44727 anti-PSMD1 antibody IP image

Immunoprecipitation: HepG2 lysate immunoprecipitated with 2.5 μg of ARG44727 anti-PSMD1 antibody.