

## Product datasheet

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# ARG44778 anti-ARHGAP45 antibody

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

### **Summary**

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody recognizes ARHGAP45

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application IHC-P, WB

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Isotype IgG1

Target Name ARHGAP45

Species Human

Epitope VDVLLQRCEG GVDAALLYAK NMAKYMKDLI SYLEKRTTLE MEFAKGLQKI AHNCRQSVMQ EPHMPLLSIY

SLALEQDLEF GHSMVQAVGT LQTQTFMQPL TLRRLEHEKR RKEIKEAWHR AQRKLQEAES NLRKAKQGYV QRCEDHDKAR FLVAKAEEEQ AGSAPGAGST ATKTLDKRRR LEEEAKNKAE EAMATYRTCV ADAKTQKQEL

EDTKVTALRQ IQEVIRQSDQ TIKSATISYY QMMHMQTAPL PVHFQMLCES

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names ARHGAP45; Rho GTPase Activating Protein 45; KIAA0223; HMHA1; HA-1; Rho GTPase-Activating Protein

45; Histocompatibility (Minor) HA-1; Minor Histocompatibility Antigen HA-1; Minor Histocompatibility

Protein HA-1; HLA-HA1

#### **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-P	1:100
	WB	1:1000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

#### **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Protein A purification

Buffer PBS with 0.09% sodium azide

Preservative 0.09% sodium azide

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol ARHGAP45

Gene Full Name Rho GTPase Activating Protein 45

Background Predicted to enable GTPase activator activity. Predicted to be involved in activation of GTPase activity.

Located in membrane. [provided by Alliance of Genome Resources, Apr 2022]

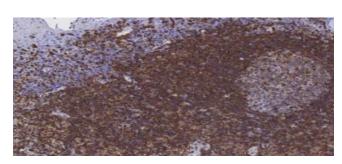
**Function** Precursor of the histocompatibility antigen HA-1. More generally, minor histocompatibility antigens

(mHags) refer to immunogenic peptide which, when complexed with MHC, can generate an immune response after recognition by specific T-cells. The peptides are derived from polymorphic intracellular proteins, which are cleaved by normal pathways of antigen processing. The binding of these peptides to MHC class I molecules and its expression on the cell surface can stimulate T-cell responses and thereby trigger graft rejection or graft-versus-host disease (GVHD) after hematopoietic stem cell transplantation from HLA-identical sibling donor. GVHD is a frequent complication after bone marrow transplantation (BMT), due to mismatch of minor histocompatibility antigen in HLA-matched sibling marrow transplants. Specifically, mismatching for mHag HA-1 which is recognized as immunodominant, is shown to be associated with the development of severe GVHD after HLA-identical BMT. HA-1 is presented to the cell surface by MHC class I HLA-A\*0201, but also by other HLA-A alleles. This complex specifically elicits donor-cytotoxic T-lymphocyte (CTL) reactivity against hematologic malignancies after treatment by HLA-identical allogenic BMT. It induces cell recognition and lysis by CTL. [Uniprot]

PTM Phosphoprotein. [Uniprot]

Cellular Localization Cell membrane, Cell projection, Cytoplasm, Membrane. [Uniprot]

#### **Images**



#### ARG44778 anti-ARHGAP45 antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Human tonsil stained with ARG44778 anti-ARHGAP45 antibody at 10  $\mu$ g/mL dilution.



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#### ARG44778 anti-ARHGAP45 antibody WB image

Western blot: Raji stained with ARG44778 anti-ARHGAP45 antibody at 1  $\mu g/mL$  dilution.