

ARG46733 anti-PLN / Phospholamban phospho (Ser16) antibody

Package: 50 µl
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes PLN / Phospholamban phospho (Ser16)
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rat
Tested Application	WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	PLN / Phospholamban
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	CMH18; PLB; CMD1P; Cardiac phospholamban

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Observed Size	12 kDa; 17 kDa; 35 kDa	

Properties

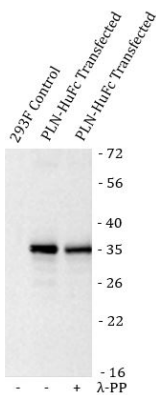
Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity chromatography purified
Buffer	PBS, Proclin 300 or Sodium azide and 50 % Glycerol
Preservative	Proclin 300 or Sodium azide
Stabilizer	50 % Glycerol
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	PLN
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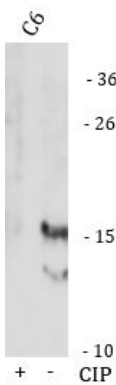
Gene Full Name	phospholamban
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is found as a pentamer and is a major substrate for the cAMP-dependent protein kinase in cardiac muscle. The encoded protein is an inhibitor of cardiac muscle sarcoplasmic reticulum Ca(2+)-ATPase in the unphosphorylated state, but inhibition is relieved upon phosphorylation of the protein. The subsequent activation of the Ca(2+) pump leads to enhanced muscle relaxation rates, thereby contributing to the inotropic response elicited in heart by beta-agonists. The encoded protein is a key regulator of cardiac diastolic function. Mutations in this gene are a cause of inherited human dilated cardiomyopathy with refractory congestive heart failure. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	Reversibly inhibits the activity of ATP2A2 in cardiac sarcoplasmic reticulum by decreasing the apparent affinity of the ATPase for Ca(2+). Modulates the contractility of the heart muscle in response to physiological stimuli via its effects on ATP2A2. Modulates calcium re-uptake during muscle relaxation and plays an important role in calcium homeostasis in the heart muscle. The degree of ATP2A2 inhibition depends on the oligomeric state of PLN. ATP2A2 inhibition is alleviated by PLN phosphorylation. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	6 kDa
PTM	Phosphorylation by PKA abolishes the inhibition of ATP2A2-mediated calcium uptake. Phosphorylated at Thr-17 by CaMK2, and in response to beta-adrenergic stimulation. Phosphorylation by DMPK may stimulate sarcoplasmic reticulum calcium uptake in cardiomyocytes. [UniProt]
Cellular Localization	Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Mitochondrion membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Note=Colocalizes with HAX1 at the endoplasmic reticulum (PubMed:17241641). Colocalizes with DMPK a the sarcoplasmic reticulum (PubMed:15598648). [UniProt]

Images



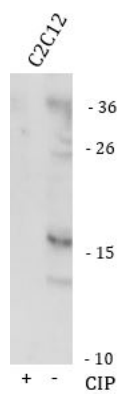
ARG46733 anti-PLN / Phospholamban phospho (Ser16) antibody WB image

Western blot: 293F stained with ARG46733 anti-PLN / Phospholamban phospho (Ser16) antibody.



ARG46733 anti-PLN / Phospholamban phospho (Ser16) antibody WB image

Western blot: C6 stained with ARG46733 anti-PLN / Phospholamban phospho (Ser16) antibody.



ARG46733 anti-PLN / Phospholamban phospho (Ser16) antibody WB image

Western blot: C2C12 stained with ARG46733 anti-PLN / Phospholamban phospho (Ser16) antibody.