

### Product datasheet

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# ARG52297 anti-GABAA Receptor beta 3 antibody

Package: 50 μl Store at: -20°C

### Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes GABAA Receptor beta 3

Tested Reactivity Ms, Rat

Tested Application IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name GABAA Receptor beta 3

Species Rat

**Immunogen** Fusion protein from the cytoplasmic loop of the beta 3 subunit

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit beta-3; A; ECA5; GABA

### **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-P	1:300
	WB	1:1000
	Specific for the $^{\sim}53k$ $\beta3$ -subunit of the GABAA receptor in Western blots. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

### **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity Purified

Buffer 10 mM HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 0.1 mg/ml BSA and 50% Glycerol

Stabilizer 0.1 mg/ml BSA, 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

## Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

### Bioinformation

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GeneID: 24922 Rat

Swiss-port # P63079 Rat

Swiss-port # P63080 Mouse

Gene Symbol GABRB3

Gene Full Name gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA) A receptor, beta 3

Background Gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA) is the primary inhibitory neurotransmitter in the central nervous

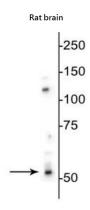
system, causing a hyperpolarization of the membrane through the opening of a Cl– channel associated with the GABAA receptor (GABAA-R) subtype. GABAA-Rs are important therapeutic targets for a range of sedative, anxiolytic, and hypnotic agents and are implicated in several diseases including epilepsy, anxiety, depression, and substance abuse. The GABAA-R is a multimeric subunit complex. To date six  $\alpha s$ , four  $\beta s$  and four  $\gamma s$ , plus alternative splicing variants of some of these subunits, have been identified (Olsen and Tobin, 1990; Whiting et al., 1999; Ogris et al., 2004). Injection in oocytes or mammalian cell lines of cRNA coding for  $\alpha$ - and  $\beta$ -subunits results in the expression of functional GABAA-Rs sensitive to GABA. However, coexpression of a  $\gamma$ -subunit is required for benzodiazepine modulation. The various effects of the benzodiazepines in brain may also be mediated via different  $\alpha$ - subunits of the receptor

(McKernan et al., 2000; Mehta and Ticku, 1998; Ogris et al., 2004; Pöltl et al., 2003).

Research Area Neuroscience antibody

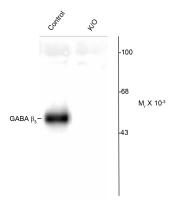
Calculated Mw 54 kDa

### **Images**



#### ARG52297 anti-GABAA Receptor beta 3 antibody WB image

Western blot: Rat brain lysate stained with ARG52297 anti-GABAA Receptor beta 3 antibody.



### ARG52297 anti-GABAA Receptor beta 3 antibody WB image

Western Blot: 5-7  $\mu$ g of Mouse cerebellum lysates from wild type (control) and beta 3 knockout (beta 3 K/O) animals showing specific immunolabeling of the ~53k beta 3 subunit of the GABAA-R in the wild type but not in the beta 3 K/O animals when stained with ARG52297 anti-GABAA Receptor beta 3 antibody.