

ARG52315 anti-GluR1 Subunit phospho (Ser831) antibody

Package: 50 µl
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes GluR1 Subunit phospho (Ser831)
Tested Reactivity	Rat
Predict Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Chk, Dog
Tested Application	WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	GluR1 Subunit
Species	Rat
Immunogen	Synthetic phospho-peptide corresponding to amino acid residues surrounding Ser831 conjugated to KLH
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	GLUH1; GluA1; GluR-1; Glutamate receptor ionotropic, AMPA 1; GluR-K1; GLUR1; HBGR1; AMPA-selective glutamate receptor 1; GluR-A; GLURA; Glutamate receptor 1

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:1,000

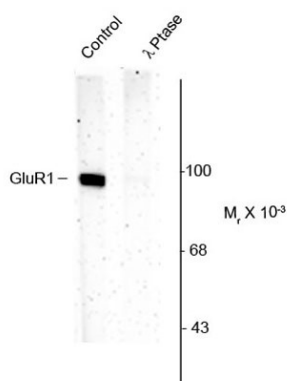
Application Note Specific for the ~100k GluR1 protein phosphorylated at Ser831. Immunolabeling is blocked by the phosphopeptide used as antigen but not by the corresponding dephosphopeptide. Immunolabeling is completely eliminated by λ-phosphatase treatment.
* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity Purified
Buffer	10 mM HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 0.1 mg/ml BSA and 50% Glycerol
Stabilizer	0.1 mg/ml BSA, 50% Glycerol
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Database links	GeneID: 50592 Rat Swiss-port # P19490 Rat
Gene Symbol	GRIA1
Gene Full Name	glutamate receptor, ionotropic, AMPA 1
Background	<p>The ion channels activated by glutamate are typically divided into two classes. Those that are sensitive to N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) are designated NMDA receptors (NMDAR) while those activated by α-amino-3-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-isoxalone propionic acid (AMPA) are known as AMPA receptors (AMPA). The AMPAR are comprised of four distinct glutamate receptor subunits designated (GluR1-4) and they play key roles in virtually all excitatory neurotransmission in the brain (Keinänen et al., 1990; Hollmann and Heinemann, 1994). The GluR1 subunit is widely expressed throughout the nervous system. GluR1 is potentiated by phosphorylation at Ser831 which has been shown to be mediated by either PKC or CaM kinase II (McGlade-McCulloh et al., 1993; Mammen et al., 1999; Roche et al., 1996). In addition, phosphorylation of this site has been linked to synaptic plasticity as well as learning and memory (Soderling and Derkach, 2000).</p>
Highlight	<p>Related Antibody Duos and Panels: ARG30132 Phospho GluR1 Antibody Panel Related products: GluR1 antibodies; GluR1 Duos / Panels; Anti-Rabbit IgG secondary antibodies;</p>
Research Area	Neuroscience antibody; Postsynaptic Receptor antibody
Calculated Mw	102 kDa
PTM	<p>Palmitoylated. Depalmitoylated upon glutamate stimulation. Cys-603 palmitoylation leads to Golgi retention and decreased cell surface expression. In contrast, Cys-829 palmitoylation does not affect cell surface expression but regulates stimulation-dependent endocytosis (By similarity).</p> <p>Phosphorylated at Ser-645. Phosphorylated at Ser-710 by PKC. Phosphorylated at Ser-849 by PKC, PKA and CAMK2. Phosphorylated at Ser-863 by PKC, PKA and PRKG2.</p>

Images



ARG52315 anti-GluR1 Subunit phospho (Ser831) antibody WB image

Western blot: Rat hippocampal lysate showing phospho-specific immunolabeling of the ~100 kDa GluR1 protein phosphorylated at Ser831 stained with ARG52315 anti-GluR1 Subunit phospho (Ser831) antibody.