

Product datasheet

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ARG55002 anti-USP5 antibody [1340CT704.170.140]

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody recognizes USP5

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application WB

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone 1340CT704.170.140

Isotype IgG1, kappa

Target Name USP5
Species Human

Immunogen Recombination protein of Human USP5.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Ubiquitin-specific-processing protease 5; Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 5; Isopeptidase T;

Deubiquitinating enzyme 5; ISOT; EC 3.4.19.12; Ubiquitin thioesterase 5

Application Instructions

| Application table | Application | Dilution |
|-------------------|--|----------|
| | WB | 1:2000 |
| Application Note | * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist. | |
| Positive Control | PC-3 | |

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein G.

Buffer PBS and 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide

Preservative 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links GeneID: 22225 Mouse

GeneID: 8078 Human

Swiss-port # P45974 Human

Swiss-port # P56399 Mouse

Gene Symbol USP5

Gene Full Name ubiquitin specific peptidase 5 (isopeptidase T)

Background Ubiquitin (see MIM 191339)-dependent proteolysis is a complex pathway of protein metabolism

implicated in such diverse cellular functions as maintenance of chromatin structure, receptor function, and degradation of abnormal proteins. A late step of the process involves disassembly of the polyubiquitin chains on degraded proteins into ubiquitin monomers. USP5 disassembles branched polyubiquitin chains by a sequential exo mechanism, starting at the proximal end of the chain

(Wilkinson et al., 1995 [PubMed 7578059]).[supplied by OMIM, Mar 2010]

Function Cleaves linear and branched multiubiquitin polymers with a marked preference for branched polymers.

Involved in unanchored 'Lys-48'-linked polyubiquitin disassembly. Binds linear and 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitin with a lower affinity. Knock-down of USP5 causes the accumulation of p53/TP53 and an increase in p53/TP53 transcriptional activity because the unanchored polyubiquitin that accumulates is able to compete with ubiquitinated p53/TP53 but not with MDM2 for proteasomal recognition.

[UniProt]

Research Area Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Gene Regulation antibody

Calculated Mw 96 kDa

Images



ARG55002 anti-USP5 antibody WB image

Western blot: 35 μg of PC-3 cell lysate stained with ARG55002 anti-USP5 antibody at 1:1000 dilution.

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