

Product datasheet

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ARG55486 anti-HAX1 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes HAX1

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat
Tested Application ICC/IF, WB
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG
Target Name HAX1

Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant protein of Human HAX1

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names HCLS1-associated protein X-1; HS1BP1; HAX-1; HS1-binding protein 1; HS1-associating protein X-1;

HSP1BP-1; SCN3; HCLSBP1

Application Instructions

Predict Reactivity Note Rat

Application Dilution

ICC/IF 1:50 - 1:200

WB 1:500 - 1:2000

Application Note * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations

should be determined by the scientist.

Positive Control Mouse brain and SH-SY5Y

Properties

Application table

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol HAX1

Gene Full Name HCLS1 associated protein X-1

Background The protein encoded by this gene is known to associate with hematopoietic cell-specific Lyn substrate 1, a

substrate of Src family tyrosine kinases. It also interacts with the product of the polycystic kidney disease 2 gene, mutations in which are associated with autosomal-dominant polycystic kidney disease, and with the F-actin-binding protein, cortactin. It was earlier thought that this gene product is mainly localized in the mitochondria, however, recent studies indicate it to be localized in the cell body. Mutations in this gene result in autosomal recessive severe congenital neutropenia, also known as Kostmann disease. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

2008]

Function Promotes cell survival. Potentiates GNA13-mediated cell migration. Involved in the clathrin-mediated

endocytosis pathway. May be involved in internalization of ABC transporters such as ABCB11. May inhibit

CASP9 and CASP3. May regulate intracellular calcium pools. [UniProt]

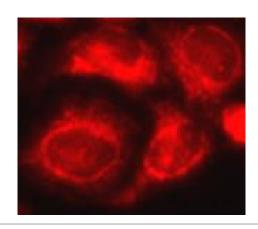
Research Area Cancer antibody; Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Cell Death antibody; Gene Regulation

antibody; Metabolism antibody

Calculated Mw 32 kDa

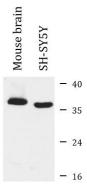
PTM Proteolytically cleaved by caspase-3 during apoptosis.

Images



ARG55486 anti-HAX1 antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: A549 cells stained with ARG55486 anti-HAX1 antibody.



ARG55486 anti-HAX1 antibody WB image

Western blot: Mouse brain and SH-SY5Y cell lysates stained with ARG55486 anti-HAX1 antibody.