

Product datasheet

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ARG55557 anti-ATP1B2 / Na+ K+ ATPase beta 2 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes ATP1B2 / Na+ K+ ATPase beta 2

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms
Predict Reactivity Bov, Rb

Tested Application FACS, IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name ATP1B2 / Na+ K+ ATPase beta 2

Species Human

Immunogen KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide corresponding to aa. 115-141 (Center) of Human Na+ K+ ATPase beta

2.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Sodium/potassium-dependent ATPase subunit beta-2; Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase subunit

beta-2; AMOG; Adhesion molecule in glia; adhesion molecule on glia; AT1B2; ATPB2; ATPB2S; Na+ K+ ATPase beta 2; Na K ATPase beta 2; Sodium potassium ATPase beta 2; ATPase Na+ K+ beta 2; ATPase Na

K beta 2; ATPase sodium potassium beta 2

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	1:10 - 1:50
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:100
	WB	1:1000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	Human brain	

Properties

Form	Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein A and immunogen peptide.

Buffer PBS and 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide

Preservative 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links GeneID: 11932 Mouse

GeneID: 482 Human

Swiss-port # P14231 Mouse

Swiss-port # P14415 Human

Gene Symbol ATP1B2

Gene Full Name ATPase, Na+/K+ transporting, beta 2 polypeptide

Background The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the family of Na+/K+ and H+/K+ ATPases beta chain

proteins, and to the subfamily of Na+/K+ -ATPases. Na+/K+ -ATPase is an integral membrane protein responsible for establishing and maintaining the electrochemical gradients of Na and K ions across the plasma membrane. These gradients are essential for osmoregulation, for sodium-coupled transport of a variety of organic and inorganic molecules, and for electrical excitability of nerve and muscle. This enzyme is composed of two subunits, a large catalytic subunit (alpha) and a smaller glycoprotein subunit (beta). The beta subunit regulates, through assembly of alpha/beta heterodimers, the number of sodium pumps transported to the plasma membrane. The glycoprotein subunit of Na+/K+ -ATPase is encoded by multiple genes. This gene encodes a beta 2 subunit. Two transcript variants encoding

different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2014]

Function This is the non-catalytic component of the active enzyme, which catalyzes the hydrolysis of ATP coupled

with the exchange of Na(+) and K(+) ions across the plasma membrane. The exact function of the beta-2

subunit is not known.

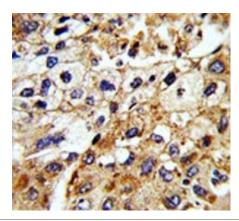
Mediates cell adhesion of neurons and astrocytes, and promotes neurite outgrowth. [UniProt]

Research Area Signaling Transduction antibody

Calculated Mw 33 kDa

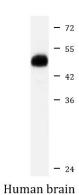
Cellular Localization Cell membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein

Images



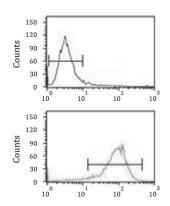
ARG55557 anti-ATP1B2 / Na+ K+ ATPase beta 2 antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded Human hepatocarcinoma stained with ARG55557 anti-ATP1B2 / Na+K+ ATPase beta 2 antibody.



ARG55557 anti-ATP1B2 / Na+ K+ ATPase beta 2 antibody WB image

Western blot: Human brain lysate stained with ARG55557 anti-ATP1B2 / Na+ K+ ATPase beta 2 antibody at 1:1000 dilution.



ARG55557 anti-ATP1B2 / Na+ K+ ATPase beta 2 antibody FACS image

Flow Cytometry: K562 cells stained with ARG55557 anti-ATP1B2 / Na+ K+ ATPase beta 2 antibody (bottom histogram) or without primary antibody control (top histogram), followed by incubation with FITC labelled secondary antibody.