

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG56166 anti-IL6 antibody Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes IL6

IL6

Tested Reactivity Ms

Tested Application ELISA, WB

Host Rabbit

Polyclonal Clonality

Isotype IgG

Target Name

Species Mouse

Immunogen Recombinant protein around aa. 25-211 of Mouse IL6.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names B-cell stimulatory factor 2; CDF; HSF; BSF-2; Interferon beta-2; IL-6; IFNB2; CTL differentiation factor;

Interleukin-6; HGF; Hybridoma growth factor; BSF2; IFN-beta-2

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	0.1 - 0.5 μg/ml
	WB	0.5 - 1 μg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer PBS. 0.025% Sodium azide and 2.5% BSA.

Preservative 0.025% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 2.5% BSA

Concentration 0.5 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

> and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links <u>GeneID: 16193 Mouse</u>

Swiss-port # P08505 Mouse

Gene Symbol II6

Gene Full Name interleukin 6

Background This gene encodes a cytokine that functions in inflammation and the maturation of B cells. In addition,

the encoded protein has been shown to be an endogenous pyrogen capable of inducing fever in people with autoimmune diseases or infections. The protein is primarily produced at sites of acute and chronic inflammation, where it is secreted into the serum and induces a transcriptional inflammatory response through interleukin 6 receptor, alpha. The functioning of this gene is implicated in a wide variety of inflammation-associated disease states, including suspectibility to diabetes mellitus and systemic

juvenile rheumatoid arthritis. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2011]

Function Cytokine with a wide variety of biological functions. It is a potent inducer of the acute phase response.

Plays an essential role in the final differentiation of B-cells into Ig-secreting cells Involved in lymphocyte and monocyte differentiation. Acts on B-cells, T-cells, hepatocytes, hematopoietic progenitor cells and cells of the CNS. Required for the generation of T(H)17 cells. Also acts as a myokine. It is discharged into the bloodstream after muscle contraction and acts to increase the breakdown of fats and to improve insulin resistance. It induces myeloma and plasmacytoma growth and induces nerve cells

differentiation. [UniProt]

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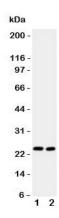
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Calculated Mw 24 kDa

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Images



ARG56166 anti-IL6 antibody WB image

Western blot: 1) HEPA, and 2) NIH3T3 cell lysates stained with ARG56166 anti-IL6 antibody.