

Product datasheet

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ARG56299 anti-PSMD7 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes PSMD7

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms

Tested Application ICC/IF, IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name PSMD7

Species Human

ImmunogenRecombinant protein of Human PSMD7

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names 26S proteasome regulatory subunit RPN8; Rpn8; S12; Proteasome subunit p40; Mov34 protein

homolog; 26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 7; MOV34; 26S proteasome regulatory

subunit S12; P40

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:50 - 1:200
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	SW620	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Bioinformation

Database links GenelD: 17463 Mouse

GenelD: 5713 Human

Swiss-port # P26516 Mouse

Swiss-port # P51665 Human

Gene Symbol PSMD7

Gene Full Name proteasome (prosome, macropain) 26S subunit, non-ATPase, 7

Background The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure composed

of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified proteasome, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. This gene encodes a non-ATPase subunit of the 19S regulator. A

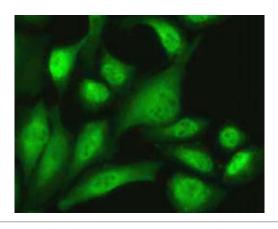
pseudogene has been identified on chromosome 17. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function Acts as a regulatory subunit of the 26S proteasome which is involved in the ATP-dependent degradation

of ubiquitinated proteins. [UniProt]

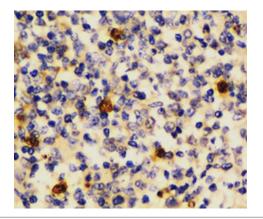
Calculated Mw 37 kDa

Images



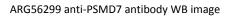
ARG56299 anti-PSMD7 antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: U2OS cells stained with ARG56299 anti-PSMD7 antibody.

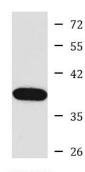


ARG56299 anti-PSMD7 antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Mouse spleen stained with ARG56299 anti-PSMD7 antibody at 1:100 dilution.



Western blot: SW620 cell lysate stained with ARG56299 anti-PSMD7 antibody.



SW620