

ARG57594
anti-TFII-I antibodyPackage: 100 µl
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes TFII-I
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rat
Tested Application	IHC-P, WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	TFII-I
Species	Human
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide of Human TFII-I.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	BTKAP1; IB291; TFII-I; WBS; General transcription factor II-I; SRF-Phox1-interacting protein; BAP135; BTK-associated protein 135; Bruton tyrosine kinase-associated protein 135; WBSCR6; BAP-135; Williams-Beuren syndrome chromosomal region 6 protein; GTFII-I; SPIN; DIWS

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-P	1:100 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	BT-474	
Observed Size	132 kDa	

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purified.
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	50% Glycerol
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol

GTF2I

Gene Full Name

general transcription factor Iii

Background

This gene encodes a phosphoprotein containing six characteristic repeat motifs. The encoded protein binds to the initiator element (Inr) and E-box element in promoters and functions as a regulator of transcription. This locus, along with several other neighboring genes, is deleted in Williams-Beuren syndrome. There are many closely related genes and pseudogenes for this gene on chromosome 7. This gene also has pseudogenes on chromosomes 9, 13, and 21. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding multiple isoforms have been observed. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013]

Function

Interacts with the basal transcription machinery by coordinating the formation of a multiprotein complex at the C-FOS promoter, and linking specific signal responsive activator complexes. Promotes the formation of stable high-order complexes of SRF and PHOX1 and interacts cooperatively with PHOX1 to promote serum-inducible transcription of a reporter gene driven by the C-FOS serum response element (SRE). Acts as a coregulator for USF1 by binding independently two promoter elements, a pyrimidine-rich initiator (Inr) and an upstream E-box. Required for the formation of functional ARID3A DNA-binding complexes and for activation of immunoglobulin heavy-chain transcription upon B-lymphocyte activation. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw

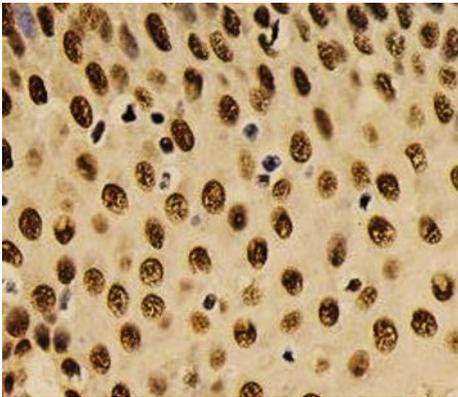
112 kDa

PTM

Transiently phosphorylated on tyrosine residues by BTK in response to B-cell receptor stimulation. Phosphorylation on Tyr-248 and Tyr-398, and perhaps, on Tyr-503 contributes to BTK-mediated transcriptional activation.

Sumoylated. [UniProt]

Images



ARG57594 anti-TFII-I antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human esophagus stained with ARG57594 anti-TFII-I antibody.

ARG57594 anti-TFII-I antibody WB image

Western blot: 25 µg of BT-474 cell lysate stained with ARG57594 anti-TFII-I antibody at 1:500 dilution.

