

ARG58665 anti-FANCA antibody

Package: 100 µl
Store at: -20°C

Summary

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| Product Description | Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes FANCA |
| Tested Reactivity | Hu |
| Tested Application | WB |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Target Name | FANCA |
| Species | Human |
| Immunogen | Recombinant fusion protein corresponding to aa. 1-275 of Human FANCA (NP_000126.2). |
| Conjugation | Un-conjugated |
| Alternate Names | FACA; Fanconi anemia group A protein; FA1; FA-H; FA; FAH; FAA; Protein FACA; FANCH |

Application Instructions

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| Application table | Application | Dilution |
| | WB | 1:500 - 1:2000 |
| Application Note | * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist. | |
| Positive Control | HeLa | |
| Observed Size | 163 kDa | |

Properties

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| Form | Liquid |
| Purification | Affinity purified. |
| Buffer | PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol. |
| Preservative | 0.02% Sodium azide |
| Stabilizer | 50% Glycerol |
| Storage instruction | For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use. |
| Note | For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use. |

Bioinformation

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| Gene Symbol | FANCA |
| Gene Full Name | Fanconi anemia, complementation group A |
| Background | <p>The Fanconi anemia complementation group (FANC) currently includes FANCA, FANCB, FANCC, FANCD1 (also called BRCA2), FANCD2, FANCE, FANCF, FANCG, FANCI, FANCI (also called BRIP1), FANCL, FANCM and FANCN (also called PALB2). The previously defined group FANCH is the same as FANCA. Fanconi anemia is a genetically heterogeneous recessive disorder characterized by cytogenetic instability, hypersensitivity to DNA crosslinking agents, increased chromosomal breakage, and defective DNA repair. The members of the Fanconi anemia complementation group do not share sequence similarity; they are related by their assembly into a common nuclear protein complex. This gene encodes the protein for complementation group A. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. Mutations in this gene are the most common cause of Fanconi anemia. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]</p> |
| Function | <p>DNA repair protein that may operate in a postreplication repair or a cell cycle checkpoint function. May be involved in interstrand DNA cross-link repair and in the maintenance of normal chromosome stability. [UniProt]</p> |
| Calculated Mw | 163 kDa |
| PTM | <p>Phosphorylation is required for the formation of the nuclear complex. Not phosphorylated in cells derived from groups A, B, C, E, F, G, and H. [UniProt]</p> |
| Cellular Localization | Nucleus, Cytoplasm. [UniProt] |

Images

