

Product datasheet

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ARG59503 anti-DNA polymerase beta antibody

Package: 50 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes DNA polymerase beta

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms

Tested Application ICC/IF, IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name DNA polymerase beta

Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein corresponding to aa. 1-335 of Human DNA polymerase beta

(NP_002681.1).

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names EC 4.2.99.-; EC 2.7.7.7; DNA polymerase beta

Application Instructions

Predict Reactivity	/ Note	Rat

Application table

Application	Dilution
ICC/IF	1:50 - 1:200
IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
WB	1:200 - 1:1000

Application Note * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations

should be determined by the scientist.

Positive Control Jurkat

Observed Size 37 kDa

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw

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For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol POLB

Gene Full Name polymerase (DNA directed), beta

Background The protein encoded by this gene is a DNA polymerase involved in base excision and repair, also called

gap-filling DNA synthesis. The encoded protein, acting as a monomer, is normally found in the cytoplasm, but it translocates to the nucleus upon DNA damage. Several transcript variants of this gene

exist, but the full-length nature of only one has been described to date. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2011]

Function Repair polymerase that plays a key role in base-excision repair. Has 5'-deoxyribose-5-phosphate lyase

(dRP lyase) activity that removes the 5' sugar phosphate and also acts as a DNA polymerase that adds one nucleotide to the 3' end of the arising single-nucleotide gap. Conducts 'gap-filling' DNA synthesis in a stepwise distributive fashion rather than in a processive fashion as for other DNA polymerases.

[UniProt]

Calculated Mw 38 kDa

PTM Methylation by PRMT6 stimulates the polymerase activity by enhancing DNA binding and processivity.

Ubiquitinated at Lys-41, Lys-61 and Lys-81: monoubiquitinated by HUWE1/ARF-BP1.

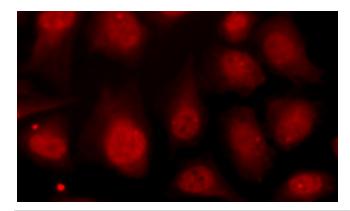
Monoubiquitinated protein is then the target of STUB1/CHIP, which catalyzes polyubiquitination from monoubiquitin, leading to degradation by the proteasome. USP47 mediates the deubiquitination of monoubiquitinated protein, preventing polyubiquitination by STUB1/CHIP and its subsequent

degradation. [UniProt]

Cellular Localization Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Cytoplasmic in normal conditions. Translocates to the nucleus following DNA

damage. [UniProt]

Images



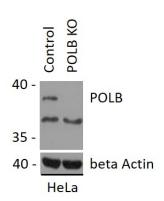
ARG59503 anti-DNA polymerase beta antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: U2OS cells stained with ARG59503 anti-DNA polymerase beta antibody.



ARG59503 anti-DNA polymerase beta antibody WB image

Western blot: 25 μg of Jurkat cell lysate stained with ARG59503 anti-DNA polymerase beta antibody at 1:1000 dilution.



ARG59503 anti-DNA polymerase beta antibody WB image

Western blot: 25 μg of extracts from normal (control) and POLB knockout (KO) HeLa cells, using ARG59503 anti-DNA polymerase beta antibody at 1:1000 dilution.