

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG63702 anti-Caspase 4 antibody

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Goat Polyclonal antibody recognizes Caspase 4

Tested Reactivity Hu

Predict Reactivity Ms, Cat, Cow, Dog

Tested Application WB

Specificity This antibody is expected to recognise both isoforms of CASP4 (alpha, represented by NP_001216.1 and

gamma, NP_150649.1).

Host Goat

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name Caspase 4
Species Human

 Immunogen
 CKERAEEIYPIKERN

 Conjugation
 Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Mih1/TX; Protease ICH-2; Caspase-4; EC 3.4.22.57; TX; CASP-4; Protease TX; ICE; ICH-2; ICE(rel)II; rel;

ICEREL-II

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	0.3 - 1 μg/ml
Application Note	WB: Recommend incubate at RT for 1h. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purified from goat serum by antigen affinity chromatography.

Buffer Tris saline (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 0.5% BSA.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 0.5% BSA

Concentration 0.5 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

www.arigobio.com arigo.nuts about antibodies 1/2

before use.

Note

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links <u>GeneID: 837 Human</u>

Swiss-port # P49662 Human

Background This gene encodes a protein that is a member of the cysteine-aspartic acid protease (caspase) family.

Sequential activation of caspases plays a central role in the execution-phase of cell apoptosis. Caspases exist as inactive proenzymes composed of a prodomain and a large and small protease subunit. Activation of caspases requires proteolytic processing at conserved internal aspartic residues to generate a heterodimeric enzyme consisting of the large and small subunits. This caspase is able to cleave and activate its own precursor protein, as well as caspase 1 precursor. When overexpressed, this gene induces cell apoptosis. Alternative splicing results in transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms.

[provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Research Area Cancer antibody; Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Cell Death antibody; Metabolism

antibody

10kDa

Calculated Mw 43 kDa

PTM In response to activation signals, including endoplasmic reticulum stress or treatment with amyloid

beta A4 protein fragments (such as beta-amyloid protein 40), undergoes autoproteolytic cleavage.

Images

250kDa 150kDa	ARG63702 anti-Caspase 4 antibody WB image
100kDa 75kDa 50kDa	Western blot: Human Heart lysate (35 μ g protein in RIPA buffer) stained with ARG63702 anti-Caspase 4 antibody at 0.3 μ g/ml dilution.
37kDa	
25kDa	
20kDa	
15kDa	