

# Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

# ARG65550 anti-CD3 epsilon antibody [UCHT1]

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

#### **Summary**

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [UCHT1] recognizes CD3 epsilon

Tested Reactivity Hu, NHuPrm

Tested Application CyTOF®-candidate, FACS, FuncSt, ICC/IF, IHC-Fr, IP

Specificity The clone UCHT1 recognizes the CD3 antigen of the TCR/CD3 complex on mature human T cells. The

UCHT1 antibody reacts with the epsilon chain of the CD3 complex.

HLDA II; WS Code T 3 HLDA III; WS Code T 126 HLDA III; WS Code T 471 HLDA VI; WS Code T 6T-CD3.1

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone UCHT1
Isotype IgG1

Target Name CD3 epsilon

Species Human

Immunogen human thymocytes followed by Sezary T cells

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names CD3E; CD3 Epsilon Subunit Of T-Cell Receptor Complex; T-Cell Surface Glycoprotein CD3 Epsilon Chain;

CD3e Antigen, Epsilon Polypeptide (TiT3 Complex); T-Cell Surface Antigen T3/Leu-4 Epsilon Chain; CD3e

Molecule, Epsilon (CD3-TCR Complex); CD3-Epsilon; CD3epsilon

### **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	CyTOF®-candidate	Assay-dependent
	FACS	1 - 4 μg/ml
	FuncSt	Assay-dependent
	ICC/IF	Assay-dependent
	IHC-Fr	Assay-dependent
	IP	Assay-dependent
Application Note	FACS and IHC-Fr: The epitope for UCHT1, CD3 is resistant to fixation. For purposes where pre-fixed cells are stained, this antibody is recommended.  Functional studies: The immobilized UCHT1 antibody initiates a signaling pathway resulting in T cell activation and proliferation.  * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

#### **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Purified from cell culture supernatant by protein-A affinity chromatography.

Purity > 95% (by SDS-PAGE)

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4) and 15 mM Sodium azide

Preservative 15 mM Sodium azide

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Database links GenelD: 915 Human

Swiss-port # P04234 Human

Gene Symbol CD3E

Gene Full Name CD3 Epsilon Subunit Of T-Cell Receptor Complex

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is the CD3-epsilon polypeptide, which together with CD3-gamma,

-delta and -zeta, and the T-cell receptor alpha/beta and gamma/delta heterodimers, forms the T-cell receptor-CD3 complex. This complex plays an important role in coupling antigen recognition to several intracellular signal-transduction pathways. The genes encoding the epsilon, gamma and delta polypeptides are located in the same cluster on chromosome 11. The epsilon polypeptide plays an essential role in T-cell development. Defects in this gene cause immunodeficiency. This gene has also

been linked to a susceptibility to type I diabetes in women.

Function Part of the TCR-CD3 complex present on T-lymphocyte cell surface that plays an essential role in

adaptive immune response. When antigen presenting cells (APCs) activate T-cell receptor (TCR), TCR-mediated signals are transmitted across the cell membrane by the CD3 chains CD3D, CD3E, CD3G and CD3Z. All CD3 chains contain immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motifs (ITAMs) in their cytoplasmic domain. Upon TCR engagement, these motifs become phosphorylated by Src family protein

tyrosine kinases LCK and FYN, resulting in the activation of downstream signaling pathways.

Highlight Related products:

CD3 antibodies; CD3 ELISA Kits; CD3 Duos / Panels; CD3 recombinant proteins; Anti-Mouse IgG

secondary antibodies; Related news:

CyTOF-candidate Antibodies

New antibody panels and duos for Tumor immune microenvironment

<u>Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocytes (TILs)</u> <u>Exploring Antiviral Immune Response</u>

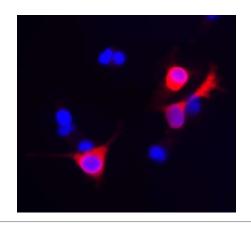
Research Area Cancer antibody; Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody; Lymphocyte Marker

 $antibody; Inflammatory\ Cell\ Marker\ antibody; T-cell\ Marker\ antibody; T-cell\ infiltration\ Study\ antibody; T-cell\ Marker\ antibody; T-cell\ infiltration\ Study\ antibody; T-cell\ Marker\ antibody; T-cell\ infiltration\ Study\ antibody\ infiltration\ Study\ antibody\ infiltration\ Study\ antibody\ infiltration\ Study\ antibody\ infiltration\ Study\ infiltration\ infiltration\ Study\ infiltration\ infiltration\ infiltration\ Study\ infiltration\ infiltra$ 

Tumor-infiltrating Lymphocyte Study antibody

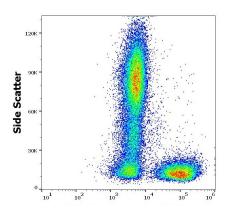
Calculated Mw 19 kDa

Cellular Localization Cell membrane, Membrane



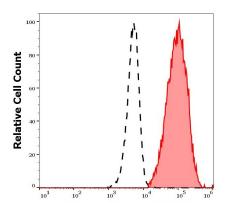
#### ARG65550 anti-CD3 epsilon antibody [UCHT1] ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: Human CD3 epsilon and CD3 gamma transfected COS cells stained with ARG65550 anti-CD3 epsilon antibody [UCHT1] (red). DAPI (blue) for nuclear staining.



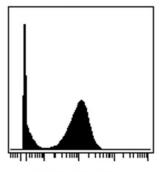
#### ARG65550 anti-CD3 epsilon antibody [UCHT1] FACS image

Flow Cytometry: Human peripheral whole blood stained with ARG65550 anti-CD3 epsilon antibody [UCHT1] at 2  $\mu$ g/ml dilution, followed by APC-conjugated Goat anti-Mouse antibody.



#### ARG65550 anti-CD3 epsilon antibody [UCHT1] FACS image

Flow Cytometry: Separation of human CD3 positive lymphocytes (red-filled) from neutrophil granulocytes (black-dashed). Human peripheral whole blood stained with ARG65550 anti-CD3 epsilon antibody [UCHT1] at 2  $\mu g/ml$  dilution, followed by APC-conjugated Goat anti-Mouse antibody.



# CD3 Yb174

# ARG65550 anti-CD3 epsilon antibody [UCHT1] CyTOF image

CyTOF: PBMC (after FicoII-Paque separation) stained with ARG65550 anti-CD3 epsilon antibody [UCHT1] (Yb174). Singlet cells were gated for data analysis.