

# Product datasheet

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# ARG65835 anti-HLA ABC antibody [W6/32] (PE)

Package: 100 μl Store at: 4°C

## **Summary**

Product Description PE-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [W6/32] recognizes HLA ABC

Tested Reactivity Hu, Bb, R. Mk

Tested Application FACS

Specificity The monoclonal antibody reacts with the human major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class I, HLA-

A, B, C. MHC class I antigens associated with beta 2-microglobulin are expressed by all human nucleated cells and are central in cell-mediated immune response and tumor surveillance. The monoclonal antibody recognizes a non-polymorphic epitope shared among products of the HLA-A, B, and C loci and

immunoprecipitates both 43 kDa and 11-12 kDa chains.

Crossreactivity is also seen in baboon, rhesus and cynomolgus monkey.

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone W6/32 Isotype IgG2a

Target Name HLA ABC

Species Human

Immunogen Human HLA ABC

Conjugation PE

Alternate Names MHC class I antigen A\*1; HLAA; HLA class I histocompatibility antigen, A-1 alpha chain

### **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	Assay-dependent
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

#### **Properties**

Form Liquid
Purification Purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.2), 0.09% Sodium azide and 1% BSA.

Preservative 0.09% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 1% BSA

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be

gently mixed before use.

#### Bioinformation

Database links <u>GeneID: 3105 Human</u>

Swiss-port # P30443 Human

Gene Symbol HLA-A

Gene Full Name major histocompatibility complex, class I, A

Background HLA-A belongs to the HLA class I heavy chain paralogues. This class I molecule is a heterodimer

consisting of a heavy chain and a light chain (beta-2 microglobulin). The heavy chain is anchored in the membrane. Class I molecules play a central role in the immune system by presenting peptides derived from the endoplasmic reticulum lumen. They are expressed in nearly all cells. The heavy chain is approximately 45 kDa and its gene contains 8 exons. Exon 1 encodes the leader peptide, exons 2 and 3 encode the alpha1 and alpha2 domains, which both bind the peptide, exon 4 encodes the alpha3 domain, exon 5 encodes the transmembrane region, and exons 6 and 7 encode the cytoplasmic tail. Polymorphisms within exon 2 and exon 3 are responsible for the peptide binding specificity of each class one molecule. Typing for these polymorphisms is routinely done for bone marrow and kidney transplantation. Hundreds of HLA-A alleles have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function Involved in the presentation of foreign antigens to the immune system. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 41 kDa and 11-12 kDa chains

PTM Polyubiquitinated in a post ER compartment by interaction with human herpesvirus 8 MIR1 protein.

This targets the protein for rapid degradation via the ubiquitin system (By similarity).