

Product datasheet

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ARG66461 anti-RFC1 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Host

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes RFC1

Rabbit

Tested Reactivity Ms **Predict Reactivity** Hu **Tested Application** WB

Polyclonal Clonality

Isotype IgG **Target Name** RFC1 Human

Species

Immunogen KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide within the center region of Human RFC1.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Activator 1 subunit 1; RFC; Replication factor C large subunit; PO-GA; DNA-binding protein PO-GA; RF-C **Alternate Names**

> 140 kDa subunit; Replication factor C subunit 1; A1; RFC140; RECC1; Activator 1 large subunit; Replication factor C 140 kDa subunit; A1 140 kDa subunit; Activator 1 140 kDa subunit; MHCBFB

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer 0.42% Potassium phosphate (pH 7.3), 0.87% NaCl, 0.01% Sodium azide and 30% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.01% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 30% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use. Note

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol

RFC1

Gene Full Name replication factor C (activator 1) 1, 145kDa

Background This gene encodes the large subunit of replication factor C, a five subunit DNA polymerase accessory

protein, which is a DNA-dependent ATPase required for eukaryotic DNA replication and repair. The large subunit acts as an activator of DNA polymerases, binds to the 3' end of primers, and promotes coordinated synthesis of both strands. It may also have a role in telomere stability. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been noted for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Mar

2011]

Function The elongation of primed DNA templates by DNA polymerase delta and epsilon requires the action of

the accessory proteins PCNA and activator 1. This subunit binds to the primer-template junction. Binds the PO-B transcription element as well as other GA rich DNA sequences. Could play a role in DNA transcription regulation as well as DNA replication and/or repair. Can bind single- or double-stranded

DNA.

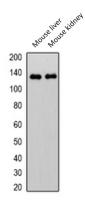
Interacts with C-terminus of PCNA. 5' phosphate residue is required for binding of the N-terminal DNA-binding domain to duplex DNA, suggesting a role in recognition of non-primer template DNA structures

during replication and/or repair. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 128 kDa

Cellular Localization Nucleus. [UniProt]

Images



ARG66461 anti-RFC1 antibody WB image

Western blot: Mouse liver and Mouse kidney lysates stained with ARG66461 anti-RFC1 antibody.