

Product datasheet

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ARG66624 anti-YARS / TyrRS antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes YARS / TyrRS

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name YARS / TyrRS

Species Human

Immunogen KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide around the C-terminal region of Human YARS / TyrRS.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Tyrosyl-tRNA synthetase; CMTDIC; YTS; EC 6.1.1.1; Tyrosine--tRNA ligase, cytoplasmic; TyrRS; TYRRS;

YRS

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	IHC-P: Antigen Retrieval: Heat mediation was performed in Sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Observed Size	~ 59 kDa	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer 0.42% Potassium phosphate (pH 7.3), 0.87% NaCl, 0.01% Sodium azide and 30% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.01% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 30% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol YARS

Gene Full Name tyrosyl-tRNA synthetase

Background Aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases catalyze the aminoacylation of tRNA by their cognate amino acid. Because

of their central role in linking amino acids with nucleotide triplets contained in tRNAs, aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases are thought to be among the first proteins that appeared in evolution. Tyrosyl-tRNA synthetase belongs to the class I tRNA synthetase family. Cytokine activities have also been observed for the human tyrosyl-tRNA synthetase, after it is split into two parts, an N-terminal fragment that harbors the catalytic site and a C-terminal fragment found only in the mammalian enzyme. The N-terminal fragment is an interleukin-8-like cytokine, whereas the released C-terminal fragment is an

EMAP II-like cytokine. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

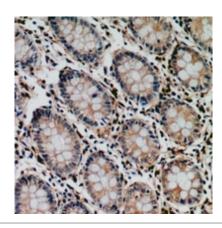
Function Catalyzes the attachment of tyrosine to tRNA(Tyr) in a two-step reaction: tyrosine is first activated by

ATP to form Tyr-AMP and then transferred to the acceptor end of tRNA(Tyr). [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 59 kDa

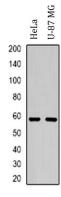
Cellular Localization Cytoplasm. [UniProt]

Images



ARG66624 anti-YARS / TyrRS antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer tissue section. Antigen Retrieval: Heat mediation was performed in Sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then stained with ARG66624 anti-YARS / TyrRS antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



ARG66624 anti-YARS / TyrRS antibody WB image

Western blot: HeLa and U-87 MG whole cell lysates stained with ARG66624 anti-YARS / TyrRS antibody.