

ARG66714 anti-HMGB1 Neutralizing antibody [SQab20175] (low endotoxin)

Package: 500 µg, 100 µg
Store at: 4°C or -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Low endotoxin Mouse Monoclonal antibody [SQab20175] recognizes HMGB1.
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Bov
Tested Application	ELISA, FACS, Neut, WB
Specificity	This antibody could specifically neutralize HMGB1 induced pathway but not HMGB2 tested by TNF alpha releasing assay.
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone	SQab20175
Isotype	IgM, kappa
Target Name	HMGB1
Species	Human
Immunogen	Human HMGB1.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	HMG-1; High mobility group protein B1; High mobility group protein 1; HMG1; SBP-1; HMG3

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	1:3000 - 1:10000
	FACS	1:250 - 1:1000
	Neut	Assay-dependent
	WB	1:1000 - 1:5000
Application Note	Neutralizing assay: ARG66714 anti-HMGB1 Neutralizing antibody [SQab20175] suppresses HMGB1 induced TNF alpha releasing in both THP1 and Raw264.7 cell model. Please refer the data at below. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Observed Size	~ 28 kDa	

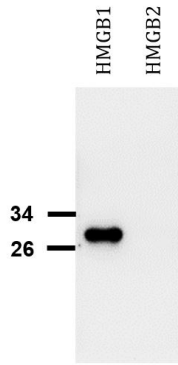
Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purification with immunogen.
Purification Note	Endotoxin level is less than 0.1 EU/µg of the protein, as determined by the LAL test.

Buffer	PBS (pH 7.4)
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Storage instruction	Unopened antibody can be store at 2-8°C for up to a year. Once opened, for continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to one month; for long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. This antibody should be freeze-thaw for only twice to avoid aggregation. Storage in frost free freezers and avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles is recommended. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

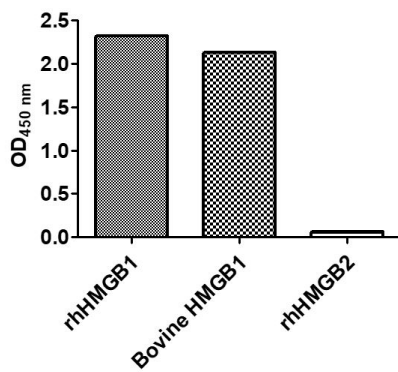
Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	HMGB1
Gene Full Name	high mobility group box 1
Background	HMGB1 is a protein that belongs to the High Mobility Group-box superfamily. The encoded non-histone, nuclear DNA-binding protein regulates transcription, and is involved in organization of DNA. This protein plays a role in several cellular processes, including inflammation, cell differentiation and tumor cell migration. Multiple pseudogenes of this gene have been identified. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants that encode the same protein. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015]
Function	HMGB1 is a DNA binding protein. It associates with chromatin and has the ability to bend DNA. Binds preferentially single-stranded DNA. Involved in V(D)J recombination by acting as a cofactor of the RAG complex. Acts by stimulating cleavage and RAG protein binding at the 23 bp spacer of conserved recombination signal sequences (RSS). [UniProt]
Highlight	<p>Related products: HMGB1 antibodies; HMGB1 ELISA Kits; HMGB1 Duos / Panels; HMGB1 recombinant proteins; Anti-Mouse IgM secondary antibodies;</p> <p>Related news: HMGB1, a biomarker and therapeutic target in COVID-19 Total solution for HMGB1 research HMGB1 in inflammation Inflammatory Cytokines HMGB1 ELISA Kit for your research Detecting the DAMPs in cancer therapy by HMGB1 ELISA kit New HMGB1 neutralizing antibody is released Detecting exosomal HMGB1 for ICD research</p> <p>Related poster download: HMGB1 Pathway.pdf</p>
Calculated Mw	25 kDa
PTM	<p>Phosphorylated at serine residues. Phosphorylation in both NLS regions is required for cytoplasmic translocation followed by secretion (PubMed:17114460).</p> <p>Acetylated on multiple sites upon stimulation with LPS (PubMed:22801494). Acetylation on lysine residues in the nuclear localization signals (NLS 1 and NLS 2) leads to cytoplasmic localization and subsequent secretion (By similarity). Acetylation on Lys-3 results in preferential binding to DNA ends and impairs DNA bending activity (By similarity).</p> <p>Reduction/oxidation of cysteine residues Cys-23, Cys-45 and Cys-106 and a possible intramolecular disulfide bond involving Cys-23 and Cys-45 give rise to different redox forms with specific functional activities in various cellular compartments: 1- fully reduced HMGB1 (HMGB1C23hC45hC106h), 2- disulfide HMGB1 (HMGB1C23-C45C106h) and 3- sulfonyl HMGB1 (HMGB1C23soC45soC106so).</p> <p>Poly-ADP-ribosylated by PARP1 when secreted following stimulation with LPS (By similarity).</p> <p>In vitro cleavage by CASP1 is liberating a HMGB1-containing peptide which may mediate immunogenic activity; the peptide antagonizes apoptosis-induced immune tolerance (PubMed:24474694).</p>



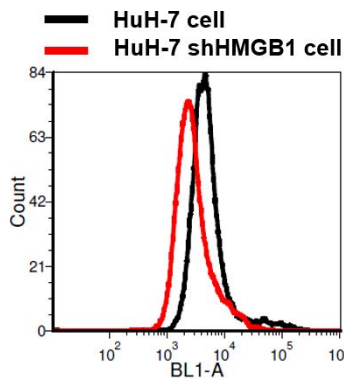
ARG66714 anti-HMGB1 Neutralizing antibody [SQab20175] (low endotoxin) WB image

Western blot: 100 ng of HMGB1 and HMGB2 recombinant proteins stained with ARG66714 anti-HMGB1 Neutralizing antibody [SQab20175] (low endotoxin).



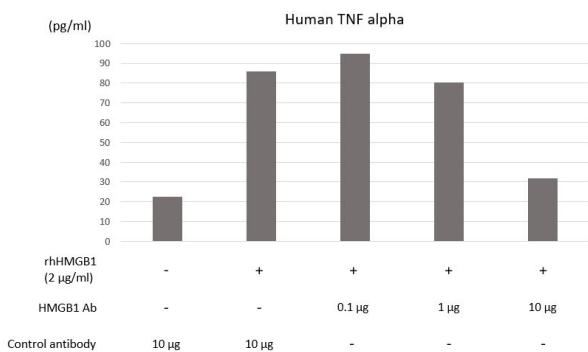
ARG66714 anti-HMGB1 Neutralizing antibody [SQab20175] (low endotoxin) ELISA image

ELISA: 2 µg/ml dilution of recombinant human HMGB1, bovine HMGB1 and recombinant human HMGB2 proteins (left to right) were coated onto ELISA plate. ARG66714 anti-HMGB1 Neutralizing antibody [SQab20175] (low endotoxin) at 1:3500 dilution were used for detecting HMGB1.



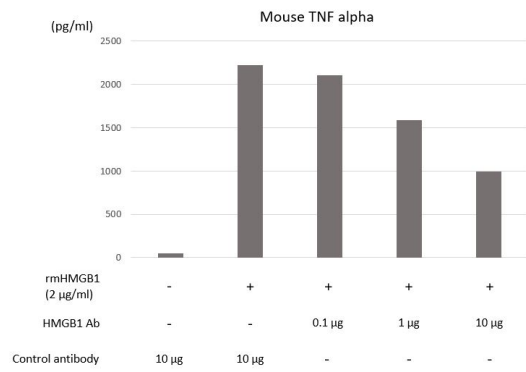
ARG66714 anti-HMGB1 Neutralizing antibody [SQab20175] (low endotoxin) FACS image

Flow Cytometry: HuH-7 cells (black) and HuH-7 shHMGB1 cells (red) stained with ARG66714 anti-HMGB1 Neutralizing antibody [SQab20175] (low endotoxin) at 1:500 dilution.



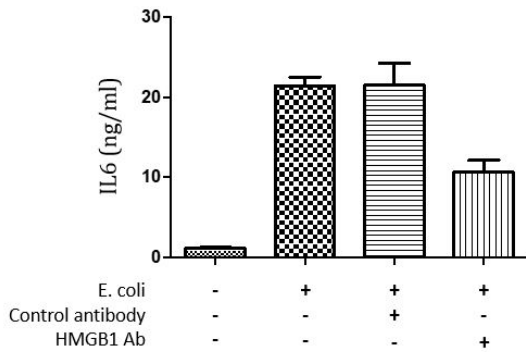
ARG66714 anti-HMGB1 Neutralizing antibody [SQab20175] (low endotoxin) neutralization image

Neutralization assay: Cell culture medium from THP1 cells treated with 10 µg of isotype control mouse IgM, plus 2µg/ml of rhHMGB1 or not as control. THP1 cells treated with 2µg/ml of rhHMGB1 plus 0.1 µg, 1 µg or 10 µg of ARG66714 anti-HMGB1 Neutralizing antibody [SQab20175] (low endotoxin) (left to right) as assay groups. TNF alpha concentration was tested by [ARG80120](#) Human TNF alpha ELISA Kit.



ARG66714 anti-HMGB1 Neutralizing antibody [SQab20175] (low endotoxin) neutralization image

Neutralization assay: Cell culture medium from Raw264.7 cells treated with 10 µg of isotype control mouse IgM, plus 2 µg/ml of rhHMGB1 or not as control. Raw264.7 cells treated with 2 µg/ml of rhHMGB1 plus 0.1 µg, 1 µg or 10 µg of ARG66714 anti-HMGB1 Neutralizing antibody [SQab20175] (low endotoxin) (left to right) as assay groups. TNF alpha concentration was tested by [ARG80206](#) Mouse TNF alpha ELISA Kit.



ARG66714 anti-HMGB1 Neutralizing antibody [SQab20175] (low endotoxin) neutralization image

Neutralization assay: Mouse were injected with E. coli (3×10^9 CFU/kg) intraperitoneally. After 3 hours, antibodies (15 mg/kg) were given by i.p. injection. Mouse sera were collected 24 hours later and examined the level of IL6.