

# Product datasheet

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# ARG66910 anti-ADM / Adrenomedullin antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

#### **Summary**

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes ADM / Adrenomedullin

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat
Tested Application IHC-P, WB
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name ADM / Adrenomedullin

Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide within a.a. 100-150 of Human ADM/Adrenomedullin.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names ProAM N-terminal 20 peptide; ADM; AM; ProAM-N20; PAMP

## **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-P	1:100 - 1:300
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Observed Size	20 kDa	

#### **Properties**

Form Liquid

**Purification** Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer PBS, 0.02% Sodium azide, 0.5% BSA and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 0.5% BSA and 50% Glycerol

Concentration Batch dependent

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

ADM Gene Symbol

Gene Full Name adrenomedullin

Background The protein encoded by this gene is a preprohormone which is cleaved to form two biologically active

> peptides, adrenomedullin and proadrenomedullin N-terminal 20 peptide. Adrenomedullin is a 52 aa peptide with several functions, including vasodilation, regulation of hormone secretion, promotion of angiogenesis, and antimicrobial activity. The antimicrobial activity is antibacterial, as the peptide has

been shown to kill E. coli and S. aureus at low concentration. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2014]

Function AM and PAMP are potent hypotensive and vasodilatator agents. Numerous actions have been reported

> most related to the physiologic control of fluid and electrolyte homeostasis. In the kidney, am is diuretic and natriuretic, and both am and pamp inhibit aldosterone secretion by direct adrenal actions. In pituitary gland, both peptides at physiologically relevant doses inhibit basal ACTH secretion. Both peptides appear to act in brain and pituitary gland to facilitate the loss of plasma volume, actions which

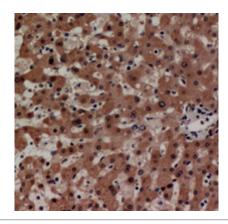
complement their hypotensive effects in blood vessels. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 20 kDa

PTM Amidation; Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Disulfide bond [UniProt]

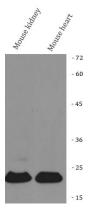
Cellular Localization Secreted [UniProt]

## **Images**



#### ARG66910 anti-ADM / Adrenomedullin antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Human liver stained with ARG66910 anti-ADM / Adrenomedullin antibody at 1:100 dilution.



#### ARG66910 anti-ADM / Adrenomedullin antibody WB image

Western blot: Mouse kidney and Mouse heart stained with ARG66910 anti-ADM / Adrenomedullin antibody.